MR. A. KUMARA PILLAI (*Secretary to Government*): (*a*) Yes.

(*b*) Yes.

(*c*) Yes.

(*d*) Yes.

(*e*) Yes; and the Anchal Office has been opened from the 15th Mithunam 1107.

(*f*) In view of the answer to part (*e*) the question does not arise.

Voting of Demands For Grants.

DEMAND II—AGRICULTURE AND FISHERIES.

PRESIDENT: The next business is Demand II—Agriculture and Fisheries.

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*): Sir, I beg to move for a grant not exceeding Rs. 1,51,667 under Demand II—Agriculture and Fisheries.

Motion No. 103.

MR. K. P. NILAKANTA PILLAI (*Chirayinkil*): Sir, I move that the allotment of Rs. 1,200 for Bacteriological Assistant be omitted.

Sir, we seldom resort to move such substantial cuts like the present one. Before I discuss the principles involved in the motion, I have to bring to the notice of the House and the head of the department some of the irregularities which are being perpetrated not only in this department but in other departments too. But I would like to draw the pointed attention of the House to this particular item under the Agricultural Department. First of all, the *Administration Report* of the department for the year 1106 seems to be a little bit different from that of the previous years. From paragraph 13 of the *Report*, I can understand what the functions of the different Experts employed in the department are; but nothing is mentioned there about the work of the Bacteriological Assistant. The first thing that we want to know is what the work of this Bacteriological Assistant now provided for in the Budget is. Secondly, we would like to know whether real necessity is felt by the department to have the services of an Expert in Bacteriology, and if so, why the department came to the conclusion that it would, for the time being, be satisfied with an Assistant. What is the qualification of the present incumbent; what is the nature of the work that he is expected to do; what are the works entrusted to him? We know nothing of these things. Sir, there is a place for permanent Bacteriologist in the department in this year's Budget. But he has gone on study leave to America. His place has been shifted to the bottom and lodging allowances are given to the Agricultural Chemist. Thus, both the places have been interchanged. Under what authority was this effected? Is there such a custom in the department to interchange offices with reference to personalities concerned? What is the purpose with which he has gone to America? What place will he be asked to occupy after his return from America and what are the duties that he is expected to do when he rejoins duty? These are very pertinent questions. I request the members to recall to their memory the discussion that took place in this House a year or

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[Mr. K. P. Nilakanta Pillai.]

two ago about the deputation of this particular individual to America. This is not the only department, but there are other departments also where posts are created and abolished according to the whims and fancies of the interested officer, irrespective of the fact whether there is any necessity or not. He was deputed to study something in America —if I understand it correctly—so that when he returns he might serve under an important branch of the department which is very necessary for the promotion of the interests of the agriculturists of Travancore. From the arrangement that has now been made, it is seen that some other place is reserved for him after his return from America. That is generally the case in many departments. A man is deputed with a particular view and when he comes back, that view is changed or forgotten, he is put in some other place where he could not serve well or is unfit to do his duties properly, and where his services are useless from the point of view of the real needs of the people. Again, Sir, there are many Experts in the department. There is the Agricultural Chemist, the Bacteriologist and many others. I do not know how the department felt the necessity for appointing another Expert when all these persons were there. If the present Bacteriological Assistant is not expected to do the work which the man who has gone out was doing, what is the purpose for which he was appointed and why was this interchange of offices effected? I want information from the head of the department on all these points. It is with this object, Sir, that I move this motion.

MR. A. THANU PILLAI (*Trivandrum*): I second it.

As my friend Mr. Nilakanta Pillai stated, at the time the then Bacteriologist was proposed to be sent to America for further specialisation, we on this side of the House strongly protested against his being granted study leave. We urged, Sir, that as he was a man trained at Pusa, his training would be quite sufficient for our purpose, and that public money should not be spent to enable him to undergo further training in far off America. The Director of Agriculture very strenulously argued that further specialisation was essential in the interests of the agricultural population of the State. I put him a question as to whether he was not a man trained at Pusa and whether that training was not enough. The Director told me that great discoveries were being made in different branches of science especially in scientific agriculture and that it would be better to have him trained in America. His argument was irresistible, Sir. Then I told him "Sir, you are yourself an eminent bacteriologist having undergone training in some of the best universities of Germany. Can you not instruct him in all these things and will he not be able, with your assistance and instruction, to meet our needs?" The Director told me that he had no time to attend to all these things.

MR. TARIATU KUNJITOMMAN (*Commerce and Industry, North*): അഗ്രികൾച്ചറൽ ബാക്ടീരിയോളജിസ്റ്റ് ആവശ്യമില്ലെന്നു മെമ്പർ റിട്രെഞ്ച്മെന്റ് കമ്മിറ്റിയിൽ അഭിപ്രായപ്പെട്ടിട്ടുണ്ടോ?

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MR. A. THANU PILLAI (*Trivandrum*): റിട്രെഞ്ചുമെൻറ് കമ്മിറ്റി അതിനെപ്പറ്റി എന്താണ് റിപ്പോർട്ടുചെയ്തതെന്ന് എനിക്ക് ഇപ്പോൾ നല്ല നിശ്ചയമില്ല.

MR. TARIATU KUNJITOMMAN (*Commerce and Industry, North*): മെമ്പർ റിട്രെഞ്ചുമെൻറ് കമ്മിറ്റിയിൽ മെമ്പറായിരുന്നില്ലെ?

MR. A. THANU PILLAI (*Trivandrum*) : ആയിരുന്നു

MR. TARIATU KUNJITOMMAN (*Commerce and Industry North*): അവിടെ ഇതിനെപ്പറ്റി എന്തഭിപ്രായം പറഞ്ഞുഎന്നാണ് ചോദിക്കുന്നത്?

MR. A. THANU PILLAI (*Trivandrum*): റിട്രെഞ്ചുമെൻറ് കമ്മിറ്റിയോഗം നടന്നുകൊണ്ടിരുന്നപ്പോൾ ബാക്ടീരിയാളജിസ്റ്റായി ഒരാളിനെ നിയമിച്ചിരുന്നൊ എന്നുള്ളകാര്യം സംശയമാണ്.

MR. A. S. DAMODARAN ASAN (*Mavelikara* cum *Kartikapalli*): Is not the appointment to come into force from Chingam 1108?

MR. A. THANU PILLAI (*Trivandrum*): Yes. അമേരിക്കയിൽ ഉപരിപഠനാർത്ഥം പോയിരിക്കുന്നയാളിനെ ആഗ്രികൾച്ചറൽകെമിസ്റ്റായി സ്ഥിരപ്പെടുത്തിയതല്ലാതെ ബാക്ടീരിയാളജിസ്റ്റിന് ഒരു സ്ഥാനം വേണമെന്ന് അന്നില്ലായിരുന്നുവെന്നാണ് തോന്നുന്നത്.

MR. TARIATU KUNJITOMMAN (*Commerce and Industry, North*): അങ്ങനെ തോന്നുന്നുവെന്നാണല്ലൊ മെമ്പർപറയുന്നത്. ഇതിൽനിന്നു മെമ്പർ റിട്രെഞ്ചുമെൻറ് കമ്മിറ്റിയിൽ ആഗ്രികൾച്ചറൽ ബാക്ടീരിയാളജിസ്റ്റിന്റെ നിയമനം ആവശ്യമില്ലെന്നു പറഞ്ഞൊ എന്നു മെമ്പക്ക് നിശ്ചയമില്ല എന്നാണൊ മനസ്സിലാക്കേണ്ടത്?

MR. A. THANU PILLAI (*Trivandrum*) : ഒരു സ്പെഷ്യലിസ്റ്റ് വേണംമെന്നുള്ളരീതിയിലാണ് കമ്മിറ്റിക്കാർ ആലോചിച്ചത്. അന്ന് ഒരാളിനെ ബാക്ടീരിയളാജിസ്റ്റിനുപകരം നിശ്ചയിച്ചിരുന്നതെയുള്ളു. അതിനാൽ ബാക്ടീരിയാളജിസ്റ്റിന്റെ നിയമനം വേണമൊ വേണ്ടയൊ എന്നുള്ളതിനെപ്പറ്റി കമ്മിറ്റിയിൽ ആലോചിക്കേണ്ട ആവശ്യമെ വന്നില്ല.

MR. A. THANU PILLAI (*Trivandrum*): It was strenuously contended by the Director that further specialisation was essential. The person concerned was deputed to America. The Chemist happened to pass away then; and this is what the *Administration Report* says.

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"The post of the Agricultural Chemist fell vacant due to the unfortunate death of Mr. P. N. Vridhachalam which sad event took place early in Kumbham last. Government have ordered that the question of filling up the vacancy need be taken up only on the return of Mr. K. R. Narayana Aiyar, Agricultural Bacteriologist, who has gone to America on study leave."

Subsequently, somehow or other, they thought that that was not enough. Evidently, they thought that it was not enough to safeguard the interests of Mr. Narayana Aiyar, and it appears that they confirmed him in that post as Chemist. They have abolished the post of the Bacteriologist altogether, and the Director seems to be satisfied with an Assistant Bacteriologist now on a pay of Rs. 100 for which a provision has been made in the Budget. What do all these show? How will this department be able to turn out good work, work that will be really useful to the people if things are to be managed in this manner? At that time there was a man specialised in bacteriology at Pusa, but the Director thought that was not enough. It is therefore that Mr. Narayana Aiyar was sent to America for further specialisation.

MR. TARIATU KUNJITOMMAN (*Commerce and Industry, North*): ആഗ്രികൾച്ചറൽ ബാക്ടീരിയോളജിസ്റ്റാണൊ പൂസായിൽ ചെന്നു പഠിച്ചു യാാം?

MR. A. THANU PILLAI (*Trivandrum*); എന്റെ പ്രസംഗം കഴിഞ്ഞിട്ടു ചോദിച്ചാൽ സമയം ഉണ്ടെങ്കിൽ മറുപടി പറയാം.

Now it appears that the department does not want a bacteriologist, nor a qualified man for the post. Any man will do for the time being—that is what the Director seems to think. This is what I find from the Administration Report for 1106 regarding the work of the present incumbent:

"During the year under report, the Ag. Agricultural Bacteriologist was engaged mainly in conducting the standard methods of analysing soils, etc,....." This is the sort of work with which the Director seems to be content now."

PRESIDENT: Your time is up, Mr. Thanu Pillai.

MR. A. THANU PILLAI (*Trivandrum*): My time is up; I am sorry I have to sit down. But I support the motion.

MR. JOSEPH KUNJU (*Changanachery cum Pirmad*): സർ, മി:കെ. പി. നീലകണ്ഠപ്പിള്ള അവതരിപ്പിച്ചിട്ടുള്ള ഈ ഉപക്ഷേപത്തെ ഞാൻ അനുകൂലിക്കുന്നു. ഈ രാജ്യത്തെ പബ്ലിക്ക സർവ്വീസിലുള്ള വിദഗ്ദ്ധന്മാരെക്കൊണ്ടു രാജ്യത്തിനൊ രാജ്യവാസികൾക്കൊ യാതൊരു പ്രയോജനവും ലഭിക്കുന്നില്ലെന്നുള്ള സംഗതി സർവ്വസമ്മതമാണു്. ഈ ഗണത്തിൽപ്പെട്ട ഒരുദ്യോഗമാണു് ബാക്ടറിയോളജിക്കൽ അസിസ്റ്റന്റുദ്യോഗം. അതുകൊണ്ടു നിശ്ചയമായും ഞാൻ ഒരു ഉപക്ഷേപത്തെ അ

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നക്കുലിക്കുകതന്നെ ചെയ്യുന്നു. ഒരു വാദവിഷയത്തിന് അടിസ്ഥാനമായ നിയമനത്തിന്റെ ഒരു സംക്ഷിപ്തചരിത്രം അറിഞ്ഞിരിക്കുന്നതു വിജ്ഞാനപ്രദവും രസകരവുമായിരിക്കും.

൧൯൨൫ തുലാമാസത്തിൽ അഗ്രികൾച്ചറൽ കെമിസ്റ്റായി ൨൫൦ രൂപാമുതൽ ൩൦൦ രൂപാ വരെയുള്ള ശമ്പളസ്കെയിലിൽ മി: വൃദ്ധാചലമയ്യർ ഇരുന്നിരുന്നു. അന്നു് അഗ്രികൾച്ചറൽ ബാക്ടിരിയോളജിസ്റ്റ് എന്നൊരു ഉദ്യോഗം ഉണ്ടായിരുന്നു. ആ സ്ഥാനത്തു മി: കെ. ആർ. നാരായണയ്യർ എന്നൊരാൾ ൨൦൦-൨൫൦ രൂപാവരെയുള്ള ശമ്പളസ്കെയിലിൽ ഇരുന്നിരുന്നു. പൊതുജനപ്രതിനിധികളുടെആക്ഷേപത്തെ വകവയ്ക്കാതെ അവരുടെ അഭിപ്രായങ്ങളെ അഗണ്യമാക്കി ഒരു മി: കെ. ആർ. നാരായണയ്യരെ ഉപരിപഠനത്തിനായി അമേരിക്കയ്ക്കു് അയച്ചു. ന്യൂജെഴ്സിയിൽ റട്ഗേഴ്സ യൂണിവേഴ്സിറ്റിയിൽ ഡാക്ടർ ലിപ്മാന്റെകീഴിൽ Researeh works in soil analysis പരിശീലിക്കുന്നതിനായിട്ടാണു അദ്ദേഹത്തെഅയച്ചതു്. അങ്ങനെ ഉണ്ടായ മി: നാരായണയ്യരുടെ ഒഴിവിൽ നിയമനം ലഭിക്കുന്നതിനായി പലരും അപേക്ഷിച്ചിരുന്നു. അപേക്ഷകന്മാരുടെ കൂട്ടത്തിൽ മി: എ. പി. എം.ബ്രിട്ടൊ മുത്തുനായകവും മി: പി ജി. നീലകണ്ഠപ്പിള്ളയും ഉൾപ്പെട്ടിരുന്നു. അന്നു കൃഷിഡയറക്ടരായിരുന്ന ഡാക്ടർ കുഞ്ഞൻപിള്ള മി: ബ്രിട്ടൊമുത്തുനായകത്തിനാണു ഒരു സ്ഥാനത്തേക്കു കൂടുതൽ യോഗ്യതയുള്ളതെന്നു അഭിപ്രായപ്പെടുകയും തൽസ്ഥാനത്തു് അദ്ദേഹത്തെ നിയമിക്കണമെന്നു ശുപാർശചെയ്കയും ചെയ്തു. ഗവണ്മെന്റു് ആ ശുപാർശ സ്വീകരിച്ചു് അദ്ദേഹത്തെ തൽസ്ഥാനത്തുനിയമിച്ചു.

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*): മെമ്പർക്കു ഒരു സംഗതികളെല്ലാം എവിടെ നിന്നു കിട്ടി?

MR. JOSEPH KUNJU (*Changanacherry* cum *Peermade*) : എവിടെ നിന്നു കിട്ടിയെന്നു മെംബർ എന്തിനു് അറിയുന്നു? എന്റെപ്രസ്താവനയിൽ എന്തെങ്കിലും അബദ്ധമുണ്ടെങ്കിൽ മെംബർ അതിനെപ്രതിഷേധിച്ചുകൊള്ളണം.

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*): മെംബർ ഇതെല്ലാം കേട്ടറിഞ്ഞതാണൊ അതല്ല അവയെപ്പറ്റി വല്ല റിക്കാർട്ടുകളും കൈവശമുണ്ടോ?

MR. JOSEPH KUNJU (*Changanach ry* cum *Pe rmade*): ഞാൻ ഒരു ഗവണ്മെന്റുദ്യോഗസ്ഥൻ അല്ലല്ലൊ. അതുകൊണ്ടു അതെസംബന്ധിച്ചിട്ടുള്ള റിക്കാർട്ടുകളും എന്റെ കൈവശമില്ല.

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MR. TARIATU KUNJITOMMAN (*Commerce and Industry, North*): മി: ബ്രിട്ടോമുത്തുനായകം, മി. പി. ജി. നീലകണ്ടപ്പിള്ള എന്നിവർഅപേക്ഷകന്മാരായിരുന്നതിൽ മി: മുത്തുനായകത്തിനെ നിയമിച്ചുവെന്നു മെംബർപറഞ്ഞല്ലൊ. ഇപ്പോൾ മി: പി. ജി. നീലകണ്ടപ്പിള്ള മി: മുത്തുനായകത്തെക്കാൾ ഉപരിശമ്പളം വാങ്ങിവരുന്നുവെന്നു മെംബർക്ക് അറിയാമൊ?

MR. JOSEPH KUNJU (*Changanachery* cum *Peermade*): അറിയാം.

മിസ്റ്റർ ബ്രിട്ടൊ മുത്തുനായകത്തെ ഇപ്രകാരം നിയമിച്ചതു ഫ ഫ ൦ന്നാമാണ്ടു ധനുമാസത്തിലാണു്. അദ്ദേഹത്തെ ഫ ൦ ൦ – ഫ ൫ ൦ രൂപാവരെയുള്ള ശമ്പളസ്കെയിലിൽ അഗ്രികൾച്ചറൽ ബാക്ടീരിയാളജിസ്റ്റ് ആയിട്ടാണു നിയമിച്ചതു്. അതിനുശേഷം അഗ്രികൾച്ചറൽ കെമിസ്റ്റായിരുന്ന മി. വൃദ്ധാചലം ഫ ഫ ൦ന്ന കുംഭമാസത്തിൽ മരിച്ചു. ൦രം സ്ഥാനത്തേക്കു് ആരെ നിയമിക്കണമെന്നുള്ള ആലോചന ഗവണ്മെൻറിനുണ്ടായി. ൦രം അവസരത്തിൽ അപേക്ഷകന്മാരായി പല്ലരും ഉണ്ടായിരുന്ന കൂട്ടത്തിൽ മുൻപു് ഫ ൦ ൦ – ഫ ൫ ൦ രൂപവരെ ശമ്പളസ്കെയിലുള്ള അഗ്രികൾച്ചറൽ ബാക്ടറിയാളജിസ്റ്റ് സ്ഥാനത്തിനപേക്ഷിച്ചിരുന്ന, ആളായ മി: പി. ജി. നീലകണ്ടപ്പിള്ളയും ഉണ്ടായിരുന്നു. ആ സ്ഥാനത്തേക്കു് അന്നു് അഗ്രികൾച്ചറൽബാക്ടീരിയാളജിസ്റ്ററായിരുന്ന മി: എ. പി. എ. ബ്രിട്ടൊ മുത്തുനായകവും ഒരു അപേക്ഷകനായിരുന്നു. മി: മുത്തുനായകത്തിന്റെ ന്യായമായ അവകാശത്തെ അവഗണിച്ചു ഗവണ്മെൻറു മി: പി. ജി. നീലകണ്ടപ്പിള്ളയെ ആ സ്ഥാനത്തു നിയമിക്കുകയാണുചെയ്തതു്.

MR. TARIATU KUNJITOMMAN (*Commerce and Industry, North*): ഇങ്ങനെയുള്ള നിയമനങ്ങൾ ഇവിടെ സാധാരണയല്ലെ? അല്ലാതെ വിശേഷവിധിയായി ഇതേപ്പറ്റി പറയാനുണ്ടൊ?

MR. JOSEPH KUNJU (*Changanachery* cum *Peermade*): സാധാരണയൊ അസാധാരണയൊ എന്നുള്ള ചോദ്യത്തിനു് ഉത്തരംപറയേണ്ട ആവശ്യമുണ്ടെന്നു തോന്നുന്നില്ല. ൦രം സംഗതിയിൽ ഇങ്ങനെയാണു സംഭവിച്ചതു് എന്നുമാത്രമെ ഞാൻ പറയുന്നുള്ളു.

അമേരിക്കയിൽ താമസിക്കുന്ന മി. കെ ആർ. നാരായണയ്യരെ തൽസ്ഥാനത്തു സ്ഥിരപ്പെടുത്തി നിയമിച്ചതുകൊണ്ടു മി: പി. ജി. നീലകണ്ടപ്പിള്ളയെ അദ്ദേഹത്തിനുപകരം ഫ ൫ ൦–൭ ൦ ൦ രൂപവരെയുള്ള ശമ്പളസ്കെയിലിൽ നിയമിക്കുകയാണു ചെയ്തതു്.

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മി: കെ. ആർ. നാരായണയ്യരെ തൽസ്ഥാനത്തു നിയമിക്കണമെന്നുള്ള തുമാത്രമായിരുന്നു ഗവണ്മെൻറിന്റെ ഉദ്ദേശം. ഈ സംഗതിയിൽ മ റൊരു നേരംപോക്കുകൂടിയുണ്ട്. അഗ്രിക്കൾച്ചറൽകെമിസ്റ്റായി മി: കെ. ആർ. നാരായണയ്യരെ സ്ഥിരപ്പെടുത്തി നിയമിച്ചതു് ഫ ഫ ൦ ൭ കുംഭം ഫ ൪ -ാംനു-യാണു. എന്നാൽ അദ്ദേഹത്തിനുപകരം നിയമിത നായ ആളിനെ നിയമിച്ചതു് അതിനു രണ്ടുദിവസംമുമ്പു, അതായതു് ഫ ഫ ൦ ൭ കുംഭം ഫ൩-ാംനു-യായിരുന്നു. മി: ബ്രിട്ടോ മുത്തുനായകത്തിനെ അഗ്രികൾച്ചറൽ ബാക്ടീരിയാളജിസ്റ്റായി നിയമിച്ചതു് ഫ ഫ ൦ ന ധനു ൨൫-ാംനു-യാണെങ്കിലും അദ്ദേഹം സർവീസിൽ പ്രവേശിച്ചതു് ഫ ഫ ൦ ൭ കുംഭം ഫ ൪ -ാംനു-യാണെന്നാണു് സിവിൽലിസ്റ്റിൽ കാണുന്നതു്. ഇതിന്റെ അർത്ഥവും എന്താണെന്നു അശേഷം മനസ്സിലാകുന്നില്ല. അങ്ങനെയിരിക്കെ ഫ ൦ ൦ മുതൽ ഫ ൪ ൦ ത്രൂവരെ ശമ്പളസ്കെയിലുള്ള അഗ്രികൾച്ചറൽ ബാക്ടീരിയാളജിസ്റ്റ് ഉദ്യോഗം ഗവണ്മെൻറു നിറുത്തൽചെയ്തു. ആ ജോലിയിലിരുന്ന മി: ബ്രിട്ടോ മുത്തുനായകത്തിനെ നൂറുരൂപ ശമ്പളത്തിൽ ബാക്ടീരിയോളജിക്കൽ അസിസ്റ്റൻറ് എന്നൊരുദ്യോഗം സൃഷ്ടിച്ചു് അതിൽ നിയമിച്ചു ഡീ പ്രമോഷൻ നൽകി.

PRESIDENT: Your time is up, Mr. Joseph Kunju.

MR. TARIATU KUNJITOMMAN (*Commerce and Industry, North*): ഞാൻ ഒരു ഉപക്ഷേപത്തെ ബലമായി പിൻതാങ്ങിക്കൊള്ളുന്നു. കൃഷിഡിപ്പാർട്ടുമെൻറു കൃഷിക്കാരുടെ രക്ഷക്കായിട്ടുള്ള ഒരു വകുപ്പാണല്ലൊ? ഒരു വകുപ്പിൽ വളരെ വിദഗ്ദ്ധന്മാരുണ്ടെങ്കിലും അവരെക്കൊണ്ടു സാരമായ പ്രയോജനം ഒന്നും ഇല്ലെന്നാണു ജനസാമാന്യത്തിന്റെ അഭിപ്രായം. ഇങ്ങനെയുള്ള വിദഗ്ദ്ധന്മാരെ കൊണ്ടു ജനങ്ങൾക്കു പ്രയോജനമില്ലാത്തതിനാൽ ഇവരെ പരിച്ചുവിടണം എന്നാണു ഞാൻ അഭിപ്രായപ്പെടുന്നതു.

മറു ഡിപ്പാർട്ടുമെൻറിൽ ഉള്ളതുപോലെ ഈ ഡിപ്പാർട്ടുമെൻറിലും ഉദ്യോഗനിയമനവിഷയത്തിൽ വലുതായ അഴിമതി നടക്കുന്നു എന്നുള്ള സംഗതി ഇവിടെ പ്രസ്താവിക്കാതിരിക്കാൻ നിവൃത്തിയില്ല. പ്രാതിനിധ്യം കുറഞ്ഞ സമുദായക്കാർക്കു് ഒരു ഡിപ്പാർട്ടുമെൻറിൽ പ്രവേശനം കൊടുക്കുന്നില്ല. അഥവാ ആരെക്കിലും കൊടുത്തിട്ടുണ്ടെങ്കിൽത്തന്നെയും അവരെ പിരിച്ചുവിട്ടുകളയും ചെയ്യുന്നു. അസമത്വസമുദായക്കാരുടെ അവകാശത്തിനു തടസ്സം വരുത്തരുതെന്നാണു ജനങ്ങൾ പറയുന്നതു്.

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MR. A. S. DAMODARAN ASAN (*Mavelikara* cum *Kartikapalli*): മെമ്പർ തന്നെ അങ്ങനെപറയുന്നയാളുകാം തിരഞ്ഞെടുത്തിട്ടുള്ളതല്ലേ?

MR. TARIATU KUNJITOMMAN (*Commerce and Industry, North*): ആരു തിരഞ്ഞെടുത്താലും ഞാൻ യഥാർത്ഥം പറയുകയാണു്. ഒരു ഡിപ്പാർട്ടുമെൻറിൽ 8 8 ഗസറെറഡ്ഡ് ഉദ്യോഗസ്ഥന്മാരുള്ളതിൽ ഒരാൾമാത്രമെ കത്തോലിക്കനായിട്ടുള്ളു. എത്രയോ വർഷമായി ഈഴവന്മാരുള്ളതിൽ അസമത്വസമുദായത്തിൽ പെട്ട ആരെയുംതന്നെ കാണുന്നില്ല.

MR. E. V. KRISHNA PILLAI (*Kottarakara* cum *Kunnattur*): Sir, I rise to a point of order. When discussing about the appointment of the Bacteriologist, is the member allowed to stray and talk about the general policy of the department?

MR. TARIATU KUNJITOMMAN (*Commerce and Industry, North*): ജനറൽപാളിസിയെപ്പററി പറയുമ്പോൾ അതിലുള്ള ന്യൂനതകളെ കാരണസഹിതം പ്രസ്താവിക്കേണ്ടതു് ഒരു ജനപ്രതിനിധിയുടെ ചുമതലയാണല്ലൊ എന്നു വിചാരിച്ചാണു് ഞാൻ ഈ സംഗതികളെല്ലാം പറയുന്നതു്.

MR. JOSEPH KUNJU (*Changanachery* cum *Peermade*): മിസ്റ്റർ എ. പി. ഇട്ടൊമുത്തുനായകം, മിസ്റ്റർ പി. ജി. നീലകണ്ഠപ്പിള്ള എന്നീ രണ്ടുപേർ ഉദ്യോഗത്തിനപേക്ഷകന്മാരായിരുന്നപ്പോൾ അന്നത്തെ കൃഷിഡിപ്പാർട്ടുമെൻറു മേധാവി സ്വസമുദായത്തിലുള്ള അപേക്ഷകൻറെ അപേക്ഷയെ അവഗണിച്ചു മിസ്റ്റർ എ. പി. ഇട്ടൊമുത്തുനായകത്തിനെയാണു് റക്കമെൻറു ചെയ്തിട്ടുള്ളതു് എന്നു മെമ്പർക്കറിയാമൊ?

MR. TARIATU KUNJITOMMAN (*Commerce and Industry, North*): അതു ഒരു അസാധാരണസംഭവമാണു്. എന്നാൽ കൃഷിഡയറക്ടരെസംബന്ധിച്ചിടത്തോളം ഇതുമാതിരിയുള്ള സംഭവങ്ങളും ഉണ്ടാകാറുണ്ടു്.

ഈ ഡിപ്പാർട്ടുമെൻറിൽ എൺപത്തിനാലോളം പ്രധാന ഉദ്യോഗങ്ങളും ഉള്ളതിൽ അസമത്വസമുദായത്തിൽപെട്ട ഒരാളെ ഉള്ളു.

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*): വിദഗ്ധന്മാരുടെ ക്ലൂത്തിൽ അസമത്വസമുദായത്തിൽപെട്ട ആരുംതന്നെ ഇല്ലന്നു മെമ്പർ പറഞ്ഞല്ലൊ. അതിലേക്കു തക്ക പരീക്ഷായോഗ്യതയുള്ളവർ കത്തോലിക്കാ സമുദായത്തിൽ നിന്നു് അപേക്ഷിച്ചിട്ടുണ്ടൊ?

MR. TARIATU KUNJITOMMAN (*Commerce and Industry, North*): ഞാൻ വിദഗ്ധന്മാരെപ്പററി മാത്രമല്ല പറഞ്ഞതു്; ഉയന്നതും താഴ്ന്നതും അല്ലാതെ മദ്ധ്യതരത്തിലുള്ള ഉദ്യോഗങ്ങളിൽ എൺപത്തിനാലുനു

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യമനങ്ങൾ നടത്തിയിട്ടുള്ളതിൽ ഒരാൾപോലും ഈ സമുദായത്തിൽപെട്ടവരായിട്ടില്ല എന്നാണ് ഞാൻ പറഞ്ഞത്.

PRESIDENT The member cannot now discuss general policy of the department or the policy of making appointments. You may explain this in Malayalam, Mr. Parameswaran Pillai.

MR. KAYALAM PARAMESVARAN PILLAI (*Additional Head Sirkar Vakil*): ഈ ഉപക്ഷേപം ആഗ്രികൾച്ചറൽ ബാക്ടീരിയാളജിസ്റ്റിനെ ശമ്പളംവകയ്ക്കു ചേർത്തിട്ടുള്ള ആയിരത്തിഇരുന്നൂറു രൂപായും കുറയ്ക്കണം എന്നാണ്. അതിനാൽ അതു കുറയ്ക്കാമൊ പാടില്ലയൊ എന്നുള്ളതിനെപ്പറ്റിപറയാം എന്നല്ലാതെ ഡിപ്പാർട്ടുമെൻറിനെറ പൊതുനയത്തെപ്പറ്റിയൊ ഉദ്യോഗനിയമനത്തെപ്പറ്റിയൊ വാദപ്രതിവാദം ചെയ്യാൻ പാടില്ല.

MR. TARIATU KUNJITOMMAN (*Commerce and Industry, North*): സാധാരണ ഒരു കാര്യം പറയുമ്പോൾ അതിനോടു സംബന്ധപ്പെട്ട കാര്യങ്ങൾകൂടി പറഞ്ഞുവേണമെല്ലൊ അതു സ്ഥാപിക്കാൻ.

MR. K. KUNJUKRISHNA PILLAI (*Quilon*): I rise to a point of order. On a ruling of the Chair can there be any discussion or argument. That is what is going on.

PRESIDENT: Mr. Kunjitomman must accept my ruling.

MR. E. V. KRISHNA PILLAI (*Kottarakara* cum *Kunnattur*): Mr. K. P. Nilakanta Pillai wanted information from the member in charge of the department about the duties, responsibilities and functions of the Bacteriologist. We see on a reference to the *Administration Report* of the department that his main duty consists in the analysis of soils and manures. I am going to support the motion entirely on that ground—on a ground which is far from being personal or communal. It has been observed by Dr. Kunjan Pillai himself that, as regards agriculture in the country, repeated cultivation of soil is rendering it very much less fertile than before. This is quite evident from the fact that there is a steady decrease in the percentage of people following this pursuit because during very recent times we have seen a decline from 56 per cent. to 54 and then to 53 and even to 52 per cent. In this connection, a very pertinent remark made by Dr. Kunjan Pillai as regards the convenience to ryots in agriculture comes up for consideration because it is scarcity of manure that is responsible for this decline. And in answer to an interpellation of mine as regards local manufacture of manure and also the importation of foreign manure Government have said—

MR. TARIATU KUNJITOMMAN (*Commerce and Industry, North*): മന്ത്രിനെ സംബന്ധിച്ചാണ മെംബർ സംസാരിക്കുന്നത്. അതു ഈ സംഗതിയോടു ബന്ധമില്ലാത്തതാണ്. അതിനാൽ അതിനെസംബന്ധിച്ചു ഒരു റൂളിംഗ് ഉണ്ടാക്കണമെന്ന് അപേക്ഷിക്കുന്നു.

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MR. E. V. KRISHNA PILLAI (*Kottarakara* cum *Kunnattur*) : Probably, it may be a startling proposition to members that I am making. My point is based on the same policy on which Government insist on vaccination. If the Government are thoroughly convinced of the utility of the application of manures for the development of agriculture in our country, why cannot the Government insist upon the ryots purchasing manures or rather force upon them manures and realise the price along with the land tax ?

PRESIDENT : I think you are getting away from the point now.

MR. E. V. KRISHNA PILLAI (*Kottarakara* cum *Kunnattur*) : And so, if the Government are prepared to follow such a policy in view of the general encouragement that has to be given to the agriculturists as a whole, this Bacteriologist's place may be retained. If the Government are not doing that, it is better that it is done away with all at once.

MR. N. JOHN JOSEPH (*Nominated*): ഞാൻ ഈ ഉപക്ഷേപത്തെ എതിർത്തുകൊള്ളുന്നു. ഇവിടത്തേയ്ക്കു യോജിച്ച വളങ്ങളെ നല്ലവണ്ണം പരിശോധിച്ച് ഈ രാജ്യത്തുള്ള കൃഷികളെ ഫലപ്രദമാക്കേണ്ട ചുമതല കൃഷിഡിപ്പാർട്ടുമെൻറിനാണുള്ളത്. അമേരിക്കയിലും മറ്റുമുള്ള ബാക്ടീരിയാളജിസ്റ്റ്സ്, വായുമണ്ഡലത്തിൽ നിന്നു നൈട്രജൻ സ്വാഭാവികമായിതന്നെ ചെടികൾക്കാഹാരമായി തീരുന്നുഎന്നു കണ്ടുപിടിച്ചിട്ടുള്ളതായി "മാഡേൺ റച്ചു" എന്ന മാസികയിൽ കാണുന്നുണ്ട്. അതുപോലെയുള്ള നൂതന ഉപദേശങ്ങൾ ഈ നാട്ടിലെ കൃഷിക്കാർക്കു നൽകേണ്ടതത്യന്താപേക്ഷിതമാണ്. അതുകൊണ്ട് കൃഷിപരിഷ്കരണവിഷയത്തിൽവേണ്ട വൈദഗ്ദ്ധ്യം സിദ്ധിച്ചിട്ടുള്ള ആളുകളെ ക്രൂതലായി നിയമിയ്ക്കണമെന്നാണ് എന്റെ അഭിപ്രായം. ഈ നാട്ടിലെ സാമ്പത്തികനിലയ്ക്ക് അനുയോജ്യമായവിധത്തിൽ വേണ്ട കൃഷിസംപ്രദായങ്ങളെ ഏർപ്പെടുത്തുന്നതിനു ക്രൂതൽ വിദഗ്ധന്മാരെ ഏർപ്പെടുത്തുകയല്ലാതെ ഉള്ളവരെ ഒട്ടുംതന്നെ കുറ്റംപറയുന്നതല്ല. അഥവാ അങ്ങനെ കുറ്റപ്പെടുത്തുന്നപക്ഷം അതു നാട്ടിന്റെ സാമ്പത്തികാഭിവൃദ്ധിക്കു വലിയ ദോഷമായി ഭവിച്ചേക്കും.

MR. A. S. DAMODARAN ASAN (*Mavelikara* cum *Kartikapalli*) : ഈ വിദഗ്ദ്ധന്മാരെക്കൊണ്ടു നാട്ടിനു എത്രമാത്രം ഗുണമുണ്ടായിട്ടുണ്ടു ?

MR. N. JOHN JOSEPH (*Nominated*) : ചെ.ചെ.-ൽ പരം ഭൂമികളെയും ചീ.ചെ.-ൽ പരം വളങ്ങളെയും അവർ പരിശോധിച്ചിട്ടുള്ളതായി റിപ്പോർട്ടിൽതന്നെ കാണുന്നുണ്ട്. പരിശോധനനടത്തി മുഴുവൻ ഫലവും അവർതന്നെ അറിഞ്ഞിട്ടില്ലാത്ത സ്ഥിതിക്ക് അതിന്റെ ഫലം എന്താണെന്നു ചോദിച്ചാൽ പറയുവാൻ നിവൃത്തിയില്ല. അതിന്റെ ഗുണ

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ദോഷനിരൂപണം ചെയ്യുന്നതിനുമുമ്പ് അവരെത്തന്നെ ഉപേക്ഷിക്ക എന്നുള്ളതു വാസ്തവത്തിൽ ക്ഷമക്കുറവാണെന്നു പറയാതെതരമില്ല. അതുകൊണ്ടു കൃഷി ഡിപ്പാർട്ടുമെൻറിലുള്ള വിദഗ്ധന്മാരെ കുറ്റപ്പെടുത്താതെ അവരുടെ ജോലി കൂടുതൽ ജനക്ഷേമകരമാക്കിത്തീർക്കണമെന്ന് അറിയിച്ചുകൊണ്ടു ഞാൻ മി: കെ. പി. നീലകണ്ഠപ്പിള്ളയുടെ ഉപക്ഷേപത്തെ എതിർത്തുകൊള്ളുന്നു.

MR. K. GOPALAKRISHNA PILLAI (*Parur*): Sir, I also support the motion before the House. But I am supporting it on a different basis from the one on which some of the members of the House seem to support it. They object to the appointment of an expert. But I do not object to the appointment of an expert. An expert is absolutely necessary, but there should be real experts. If any man is to be put in the place of an expert and called an expert, he would not be of any use to the agricultural population. He would not be able to do anything. From the *Annual Report* of the Department, it is seen that the present incumbent is mainly engaged in picking up the standard methods of analysing the soil. He is not an expert. He is only picking up methods. If real experts are placed in proper places, they will be of use to the country.

MR. E. V. KRISHNA PILLAI (*Kottarakara* cum *Kunnattur*): May I draw the attention of the member to the fact that in the next line of the *Report* he has become a complete expert?

MR. K. GOPALAKRISHNA PILLAI (*Parur*): A man cannot be made a complete expert in a day or two, but requires training. A man was sent to America to get the necessary training and when he is coming back he is not going to be given the place that was intended for him. That is why I support the motion. An expert's work could not be appreciated in a day or two. He must be given ample funds and time, and sometimes money spent by him will be a waste. And, if, by chance or by his laborious work he is able to pick some information that would be of very great use not only to the agricultural population of Travancore but to the agricultural population of other countries also. He should therefore be given ample opportunities of doing his work. If he would be doing it conscientiously, I am sure, once in a way at least he would be able to help the agricultural population. But for that a real expert should be put in the proper place? That is the difficulty. But here any man is sufficient for the place. That is what it comes to from the arrangements of the different places before. It is such arrangement that I object to. That is the reason why I support the motion before the House.

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*): I think I need answer only the criticisms bearing on the appointment of the Agricultural Bacteriologist. I find that some of the members have touched upon the general policy of the Department also. When subsequent motions are moved, I think, I will then have an opportunity of answering the criticisms of the general policy.

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[Rao Sahib Dr. N. Kunjan Pillai.]

Before I speak on the points raised by Mr. Nilakanta Pillai and Mr. Thanu Pillai, let me assure Mr. Joseph Kunju that at the time when Mr. Britto Mutunayakam was appointed on 28th Dhanu 1106, I was not in charge of the Department. Let me also assure him that if ever I made a recommendation about him—I know there was an applicant by name Mr. Narayana Pillai—I did not compare the merits of the two individuals in my recommendation. This is a fact which affects Mr. Joseph Kunju's statement and that is why I want to inform him of it.

MR. A. S. DAMODARAN ASAN (*Mavelikara* cum *Kartikapalli*): May I know why the merits of the two individuals were not compared?

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*): There was no opportunity for me to do so. I do not think that Mr. Narayana Pillai was an applicant when I made the recommendation about Mr. Muttunayakam. Subsequently, he might have applied and probably a comparison might have been made by the Agricultural Director. But I can assure Mr. Joseph Kunju that I did not compare the merits of the two gentlemen then.

MR. JOSEPH KUNJU (*Changanachery* cum *Peermade*): അദ്ദേഹം മെമ്പർ റക്കമെൻഡുചെയ്ത ഏതുജോലി ക്കാണ് പരമാർത്ഥമാണെന്നു സമ്മതിക്കുന്നുണ്ടോ?

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*): I do not know if it was for this appointment or some other appointment.

PRESIDENT: You need not pursue that point.

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*): Then, Sir, coming to itself, Mr. Nilakanta Pillai wants some information and I am glad that he has asked for it. Mr. Nilakanta Pillai has not got the information and so, one cannot blame him for making this motion. Sir, the whole matter is about sending Mr. Narayana Aiyar to America. The motion about his deputation to America was discussed in this House during the budget session of 1105. I then strongly recommended his deputation to America. I said then and *do say now again* that I found him doing really good work and that, if he was sent to America, he would come back with sufficient equipment in the latest methods of chemical and bacteriological researches and become more useful to the Department. Sir, Mr. Narayana Aiyar is a chemist. He is a chemistry graduate of the Madras University and I think he passed in chemistry with distinction. Before he entered the department he went to Bangalore and got himself trained in industrial chemistry. Subsequently, he was appointed as the Assistant Agricultural Chemist. That was his first appointment. But while he was doing this work, I found him to be a young man deserving encouragement. So, I recommended to Government to send him to America for further training in agricultural chemistry and bacteriology.

MR. A. THANU PILLAI (*Trivandrum*): Was he sent for training in agricultural chemistry and bacteriology or bacteriology alone?

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RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*) : I am coming to that point I will explain all these different terms if I am given time. While specialising in agricultural bacteriology he did not neglect his original subject, chemistry.

MR. A. THANU PILLAI (*Trivandrum*) : What does the member mean when he says "while studying bacteriology he did not neglect chemistry."

PRESIDENT : You may allow the Director to finish his speech.

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*) : Bacteriology is a branch of biology which deals with living matter and chemistry is a branch which deals with dead matter. Unfortunately in agriculture we want a combination of both these, particularly in the latest methods of soil investigations. Soil chemistry is not pure chemistry but biochemistry.It is a combination of chemistry and biology and a man who wants to work on soils must be both a chemist as well as a biologist.

MR. K. P. NILAKANTA PILLAI (*Chirahinkil*) : May I know from the member—

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*) : I will be able to answer questions only at the end of my speech. I am given only ten minutes and I want to explain matters so as to remove misunderstandings.

If you will allow me to proceed, I may say, that the work Mr. Narayana Aiyar has got to do is not pure chemistry or pure bacteriology. I think in answer to a question of Mr. Thanu Pillai in 1105, I said, "He is now working in what is called soil-biology."

MR. A. THANU PILLAI (*Trivandrum*) : May I know where he is reading from ?

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*) : Legislative Council Proceedings Vol. XIII. page 979.

> "He is now working in what is called soil-biology which includes the important question of soil improvements. The result of the recent researches shows that soil improvements depends upon a correct and careful study of the biological condition of the soil."

MR. TARIATU KUNJITOMMAN (*Commerce and Industry, North*): ആഗ്രികൾച്ചറൽ കെമിസ്ട്രിയും വെറും കെമിസ്ട്രിയും തമ്മിൽ വ്യത്യാസമുണ്ടോ?

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*) : ഉണ്ട്.

MR. TARIATU KUNJITOMMAN (*Commerce and Industry, North*): മി: വൃദ്ധാചലം മരിച്ചില്ലെങ്കിൽ മി: നാരായണയ്യർ വരുമ്പോൾ ആ പോസ്റ്റ് കൊടുക്കാമെന്നാണ് വിചാരിച്ചിരുന്നത്?

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*) : ഇവിടെ അപ്പോഴുള്ള ജോലി കൊടുക്കും.

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[Rao Sahib Dr. N. Kunjan Pillai]

You cannot do any work on soil improvement without a careful study of the biological condition of the soil. Mr. Narayana Aiyar is a Chemistry graduate and he has passed with distinction. He has undergone training in bacteriology in the Indian Institute of Science, Bangalore. Later on, he was sent to Pusa where he was further trained in bacteriology. With that training he became qualified in bio-chemistry. When he came back from Pusa he was appointed as Bacteriologist. But he was not doing pure bacteriological work. He was doing bio-chemical work, chemistry and bacteriology combined. Mr. Joseph Kunju spoke about some bacteria in the soil. There are ever so many bacteria in the soil which have the power of absorbing nitrogen. Such bacteria are very useful in converting organic nitrogen into manure by a chemical process. Once it is converted into nitrate, it would be absorbed by plants. For the investigation of such soil problems we require a man qualified both in chemistry and biology. Mr. Narayana Aiyar was working in that line. Mr. Lipman is an eminent scientist and a great authority on soil biology, I may even say, the greatest living authority now. Mr. Narayana Aiyar, I thought, was a bright young man worthy of encouragement. I, therefore, recommended that he should be sent to America to get himself trained under Mr. Lipman. He has been sent, and I can say from the information I have got—I have not received any official report from the institution—that he has done exceedingly well there. The professors are so pleased with him that they recommend that he should be retained, if possible, for a few months more, so that he could complete the research work. Mr. Gopalakrishna Pillai, I think, wanted to know whether Mr. Narayana Aiyar, on his return, would really be an expert. I can assure him that he will be an expert bio-chemist, though designated as Agricultural Chemist. We did not want to give a new name to the post and so we call him Agricultural Chemist. That is all. During his absence, somebody had to be appointed, and Mr. Britto Muttunayakam was appointed, since he was the best among applicants. When he was appointed, I was not in charge of the department. He is a graduate in agriculture of the Coimbatore College. He cannot do any research work in bio-chemistry or bacteriology, but he will be of great help as an assistant. He has had training in agriculture mainly.

MR. E. V. KRISHNA PILLAI (*Kottarakara* cum *Kunnattur*): Why was not the post kept vacant till the return of Mr. Narayana Aiyar?

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*): There must be someone to work in the laboratory. Mr. Muttunayakam, being a graduate in agriculture, was considered to be the best among the applicants for this work and was naturally preferred to other raw graduates. But as I said, he is not competent to carry on research work. He is a good assistant. Mr. Vridhachalam, who died, and Mr. Narayana Aiyar were working together; they collaborated together and carried on research. After Mr. Narayana Aiyar's deputation to

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America, Mr. Vridhachalam was alone and it was difficult for him to work single-handed. It was thought necessary to give him an assistant. So, Mr. Britto Muttunayakam, the best among the applicants, was chosen for the post of Assistant. A reference was made to his work mentioned in the Departmental Report for 1106. It is stated there that he has been familiarising himself with standard methods of analysing the soil. Even a man who has had training in agricultural chemistry has to get some practical experience in the technique of it. He is now engaged in the analysis of soil. So much about the appointment of Mr. Britto Muttunayakam.

Then, Sir, as to why Mr. Narayana Aiyar was appointed as Chemist, as I said at the very beginning, you cannot make a distinction between a chemist and a bacteriologist so far as this department is concerned.

MR. RAMA VARMA RAJA (*Edavagai*): മി: വൃദ്ധാചലം മരിച്ചശേഷം അതുപോലെ യോഗ്യതയുള്ള ആരെങ്കിലും കെമിസ്റ്റിന്റെ പോസ്റ്റിന് അപേക്ഷിച്ചിട്ടുണ്ടോ?

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*): എനിക്കറിഞ്ഞുകൂടാ.

MR. RAMA VARMA RAJA (*Edavagai*): ഒരു മി: സി. ഒ. ദാമോദരൻ അപേക്ഷകനായിരുന്നില്ലെ?

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*): അദ്ദേഹത്തിനു ആഗ്രികാൾച്ചറൽ കെമിസ്റ്റായിരിക്കാനുള്ള കാളിഫിക്കേഷനില്ല.

MR. RAMA VARMA RAJA (*Edavagai*): ശീമയിൽപോയി പഠിച്ചിട്ടുള്ള ഒരാളാണ് മി: സി. ഒ. ദാമോദരൻ എന്നറിയാമൊ?

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*): എഡിൻബറൊ ഡിഗ്രി എടുത്തയാളാണെന്നറിയാം. മി: ബ്രിട്ടൊമുത്തുനായകം എങ്ങനെ അസിസ്റ്റൻറായിരിക്കാമൊ അതുപോലെയുള്ള യോഗ്യതയെയെ മി: ദാമോദരനുള്ളു.

MR. RAMA VARMA RAJA (*Edavagai*): അസിസ്റ്റൻറ ഡയറക്ടരായിരിക്കാൻ യോഗ്യതയുണ്ടൊ?

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*): അസിസ്റ്റൻറ് ആഗ്രികാൾച്ചറൽ ഡയറക്ടരായിരിക്കാൻ യോഗ്യതയുണ്ട്. എഡിൻബറൊ ബി. എസ്. സി. ഡിഗ്രി എടുത്താൽ ആഗ്രികാൾച്ചറൽ ജ്ഞാനം കിട്ടുമെന്നല്ലാതെ ആഗ്രികാൾച്ചറൽ കെമിസ്റ്റായിരിക്കാൻ യോഗ്യതയില്ല. കെമിസ്റ്റായിരിക്കാൻ പ്രത്യേകം സ്പെഷ്യലയിസ്സ് ചെയ്യണം. എന്റെ പാശ്ചാത്യ പരിശീലനത്തിലും എന്റെ അനുഭവ

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[Rao Sahib Dr. N. Kunjan Pillai.]

ത്തിലും ആഗ്രികൾച്ചറൽ കെമിസ്റ്റായിരിക്കാൻ എഡിൻബറൊ ബി. എസ് സി. പാസായ ആളിനു യോഗ്യതയില്ലെന്നാണ് എന്റെ അഭിപ്രായം, മി: ജോസഫ് കുഞ്ഞിനു കൂടുതൽ അറിയാമെങ്കിൽ പറയട്ടെ,

When Mr. Narayana Aiyar comes back, he will do the work of a chemist and also of a bacteriologist. He will engage himself in biochemical investigations. I made special emphasis about this in the year 1105. We want really a competent man to do soil analysis. Mr. Narayana Aiyar was put in charge of the work, because he was a trained hand. He has been doing the work and will continue to do the work. Only the name of the appointment has been changed. The name was changed because the Government thought that instead of appointing a raw graduate directly as Agricultural Chemist on Rs. 150-200, it woud be better to promote Mr. Narayana Aiyar as he was eligible for the post. It was a chemist's vacancy, and he was getting a pay of Rs. 150. He is a chemist and bacteriologist. He is the next claimant for the post of the chemist. When he comes back, he will do the Chemist's work with special reference to soil biology and Mr. Britto Muttunayakam will assist him.

MR. A. THANU PILLAI (*Trivandrum*): May I know whether Bacteriology and chemistry are really two separate branches of agricultural work and whether they have been recognised as such?

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*): Bacteriology, as applied to plant diseases, is absolutely different from chemistry. As applied to bio-chemistry, it is allied to chemistry.

MR. A. THANU PILLAI (*Trivandrum*): I wish to know whether in any similar department elsewhere, it is the practice to recognise bacteriology as distinct from agricultural chemistry.

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*) [Agricultural bacteriology which deals with plant diseases is a distinct branch. That has been recognised in Travancore also. But Mr. Narayana Aiyar has all along been working bacteriology allied to chemistry.

MR. A. THANU PILLAI (*Trivandrum*): Then, may I know who has been doing work in plant diseases here?

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*): The Mycologist.

MR. A. THANU PILLAI (*Trivandrum*): Now we have one mycologist. Is there a distinction between a mycologist and a bacteriologist?

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*): Sir, am I to go on lecturing on the difference between these technical terms here? The Mycologist deals with diseases caused by *fungi* and the bacteriologist deals with diseases caused by *bacteria*.

MR. A. THANU PILLAI (*Trivandrum*): So far as Travancore is concerned, am I to understand that there is no difference between agricultural bacteriology and agricultural chemistry?

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RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*): They are allied subjects. It is a boi-chemist that we want here.

MR. A. THANU PILLAI (*Trivandrum*): What I wish to know is whether it is not usually recognised that agricultural chemistry is distinct from agricultural bacteriology; and whether that has been recognised in Travancore also.

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*): As I have already explained, agricultural bacteriology, which deals with plant diseases, is a distinct branch. In Travancore, we do not need an agricultural bacteriologist because our plant diseases are mostly due to *fungi* for which we have a mycologist.

MR. A. THANU PILLAI (*Trivandrum*): Am I to understand that agricultural bacteriology and agricultural chemistry are one and the same, so far as Travancore is concerned?

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*): They are allied.

MR. A. THANU PILLAI (*Trivandrum*): Then, may I know whether we require two hands for the two subjects?

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*): We do not require the services of a bacteriologist. Most plant diseases are caused by *fungi* here.

MR. A. THANU PILLAI (*Trivandrum*): May I know then, why these two separate branches were organised by the Director,

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*): In the study of soils, one has to find out the useful *bacteria* in the soil, for which, one who knows some bacteriology is necessary. And, the chemist is necessary for doing general analysis and research in the laboratory. The two must work together.

MR. A. THANU PILLAI (*Trivandrum*): Were both of them doing the same work?

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*): They were doing allied work.

MR. A. THANU PILLAI (*Trivandrum*): That is no answer to my question.

PRESIDENT: That is his answer, Mr. Thanu Pillai.

MR. K. P. NILAKANTA PILLAI (*Chirayinkil*): May I know whether all the Experts in the department are doing allied work?

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*): They are all doing work allied to agriculture.

MR. K. P. NILAKANTA PILLAI (*Chirayinkil*): May I know whether all the Experts are expected to co-operate and collaborate?

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*): Yes.

MR. K. P. NILAKANTA PILLAI (*Chirayinkil*): What is the particular degree for which Mr. Narayana Aiyar is now studying?

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RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*) : I think it is M. Sc. But I am not sure.

MR. K. P. NILAKANTA PILLAI (*Chirayinkil*): What does M. Sc. mean ?

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*) : Master of Science.

MR. K. P. NILAKANTA PILLAI (*Chirayinkil*) : Is it a doctorate ?

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*) : No.

MR. K. P. NILAKANTA PILLAI (*Chirayinkil*): When Mr. Narayana Aiyr returns, is he expected to have some kind of knowledge in every branch of agriculture ?

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*) : No.

MR. K. P. NILAKANTA PILLAI (*Chirayinkil*) : May I know the particular branches in which he is an expert ?

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*) : In chemistry and bio-chemistry.

MR. K. P. NILAKANTA PILLAI (*Chirayinkil*) : Is it the opinion of the Director that, even after he returns, this assistant's work is necessary ?

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*) : Yes. Even before he was sent, there were two men working in the laboratory. I think it is absolutely necessary that there must be an assistant. Otherwise, the chemist will draw his pay and do what he can. If you give him an assistant, you can get better work out of him.

MR. K. P. NILAKANTA PILLAI (*Chirayinkil*) : What is the present work of the Bacteriological Assistant ?

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*) : Soil analysis.

MR. K. P. NILAKANTA PILLAI (*Chirayinkil*) : May I know, Sir, in the work which he is at present doing, who is supervising his work ?

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*) : There is the Director of Agriculture to advise him.

MR. K. P. NILAKANTA PILLAI (*Chirayinkil*) : Is the present Dirctor a bacteriologist ?

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*) : I do not know that definitely. He may have had training in bacteriology also. I have not looked into his diploma.

MR. K. KUNJUKRISHNA PILLAI (*Quilon*) : May I know whether there is any undertaking by Mr. Narayana Aiyar that he will serve the Government for any term of years ?

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*) : Yes, he has executed an agreement.

MR. A. THANU PILLAI (*Trivandrum*) : May I know whether in any province in British India, they have these two sections ?

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*) : I think they have a chemist and a bacteriologist in Madras.

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MR. A. THANU PILLAI (*Trivandrum*): So, at the time this department was organised, the Government were not satisfied with one officer for both chemistry and bacteriology?

RAO SAHIB DR N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*) : No.

MR. A. THANU PILLAI (*Trivandrum*) : But do not the chemist and the bacteriologist mean one and the same thing?

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*): No. I have explained the difference already.

MR. A. THANU PILLAI (*Trivandrum*): According to the Director of Agriculture, Agricultural Chemist and Agricultural Bacteriolgist are the same except in respect of plant diseases with reference to which the Agricultural Bacteriologist here means Agricultural Mycologist in part and Agricultural Chemist in part. That is how I understand the position. So, am I to take it that—

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*) : We want a chemist trained in bio-chemistry. To help him in the laboratory, he must have an assistant. To work in plant diseases we have a mycologist. That is the position.

MR. A. THANU PILLAI (*Trivandrum*): May I know whether Mr. Narayana Aiyar was only assisting the Agricultural Chemist?

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*): He was doing independent work.

MR. A. THANU PILLAI (*Trivandrum*): Was such independent work in respect of bio-chemistry?

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*): Yes.

MR. A. THANU PILLAI (*Trivandrum*): What was the Bacteriologist doing?

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*) : I have already explained it, Sir.

MR. A. THANU PILLAI (*Trivandrum*): The question may be answered directly. A round-about answer does not satisfy me. So, as they were doing independent work, it was considered that two officers were necessary?

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*) : Yes.

MR. A. THANU PILLAI (*Trivandrum*) : Then, how is it that now two officers are not found necessary?

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*): The Government think so now.

MR. TARIATU KUNJITOMMAN (*Commerce and Industry, North*): ആഗ്രികൾച്ചറൽ കെമിസ്റ്റും വെറും കെമിസ്റ്റും ആരാണ് കൃഷിഡിപ്പാർട്ടുമെൻറിന് അധികം ഉപയോഗമുള്ളതു്?

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*): ആഗ്രികൾച്ചറൽ കെമിസ്റ്റാണ്.

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MR. K. P. NILAKANTA PILLAI (*Chirayinkil*) : After Mr. Narayana Aiyar returns, I suppose he will be full-time Agricultural Chemist ?

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*) : He will be doing bio-chemical work.

MR. K. P. NILAKANTA PILLAI (*Chirayinkil*) ; Will he have time to attend to bacteriological work also ?

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*): That is why he has been given an assistant.

MR. K. P. NILAKANTA PILLAI (*Chirayinkil*) I do not want any 'That is why'. Will he be able to do it ?

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*) : Yes.

MR. A. S. DAMODARAN ASAN (*Mavelikara* cum *Kartikapalli*) : Has my friend any objection to do away with all these names and to put all these persons under one research branch of the department ?

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*) : That is a a bigger question. There will then be the difficulty in grading these officers and there may be other difficulties also. Anyway personally, I have no objection if the Government would decide like that.

MR. JOSEPH KUNJU (*Changanachery* cum *Peermade*): മി: നാരായണയ്യർ റട്ഗേർസു യൂനിവേർസിറ്റിയിൽ പഠിക്കാൻ പോയിട്ടുള്ള പരീക്ഷ (അതിന്റെ പേർ അറിഞ്ഞു കൂടെന്നാണല്ലൊ മെമ്പർ പറഞ്ഞത്) ബി. എസ്. സി. യെക്കാളും ഉയന്ന പരീക്ഷയാണൊ?

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*) : ബി. എസ്. സി. യെക്കാളുംഉയന്ന പരീക്ഷയ്ക്കാണ് മി: നാരായണയ്യർ പോയിട്ടുള്ളത്.

MR. JOSEPH KUNJU (*Changanachery* cum *Peermade*): അതിന്റെ പേരറിയാതെ അത് ഉയന്ന പരീക്ഷയാണെന്ന മെമ്പർ എങ്ങനെ അറിഞ്ഞു?

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*) : പേരറിഞ്ഞു കൂടെങ്കിലും അതിലേക്ക് ഇത്ര കൊല്ലത്തെ കോർസു വേണമെന്നറിയാം.

MR. JOSEPH KUNJU (*Changanachery* cum *Peermade*) : ആ പരീക്ഷയുടെ ഡീറ്റയിൽസ് എല്ലാം അറിയാമെങ്കിൽ പേരുമാത്രം അറിയാൻ പാടില്ലാതെ വന്നതെങ്ങനെയാണ്?

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*) : എം. എസ്. സി. ആയിരിക്കുമെന്ന ഞാൻപറഞ്ഞുവല്ലൊ.

MR. JOSEPH KUNJU (*Changanachery* cum *Peermade*): ഇതിൽനിന്ന് ആരെങ്കിലും പറഞ്ഞു കേട്ടിട്ട മെമ്പർ പറയുകയാണെന്നാണൊ ഞാൻ മനസ്സിലാക്കേണ്ടത്? (ചിരി)

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RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*): അ
ല്ലാതെ നിവൃത്തിയില്ലല്ലൊ; ഞാൻ അവിടെപോയിട്ടില്ല.

MR. K. P. NILAKANTA PILLAI (*Chirayinkil*): Sir, a good deal of confusion has been created over the object of the mover of this motion. I have absolutely nothing to do either with Mr. Britto Muttunayakam or with Mr. Narayana Aiyar, nor did I express any doubt about the intellectual equipment of Mr. Narayana Aiyar.

Sir, coming to my point, the department at one time found it absolutely necessary to have a full-time Bacteriologist to carry bacteriological work. The authorities of the department were also not satisfied that the man who was doing the work was sufficiently qualified. Therefore, for special higher training in bacteriological work, they sent him to some foreign university. That was the clear understanding with which he was sent up for training. In his absence, some changes took place in the department. Sir, the learned Doctor has been entertaining the House with a number of highly technical terms, like bacteriology, mycology, bio-chemistry and biology. In the very same speech, at one moment he says that all these experts in his department do this work in co-operation or in collaboration, and at the very next moment he says that each one of them is an independent officer in charge of his own distinct branch. All these observations have only tended to confuse the issue. To summarise his speech, as he himself observed towards the close of his speech, all that he says is that, after having had the advantage of some experience, the authorities have found that the arrangement now made would be the best. Apart from that I am not able to understand anything from the Doctor's speech. Some years back, the idea of the Government was that the work of the department could not get on without a bacteriologist. Now, they seem to be satisfied with an ordinary man who has had some training in the Coimbatore Agricultural College and nothing else. They say that they are awaiting some expert who has gone to some foreign country for getting some superior degree. The Doctor says that the needs of the department would be satisfied if that gentleman, who has gone out for training, returns. The Director does not seem to be very particular about bacteriological work.

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*): The member has either misunderstood me or is now misinterpreting my statement. I said that when Mr. Narayana Aiyar returns he *will do* bacteriological work also. Even before he was sent up for training, when he was called bacteriologist, he was doing only biochemical work. A knowledge of bacteriology is indispensable to a bio-chemist.

MR. K. P. NILAKANTA PILLAI (*Chirayinkil*): I have clearly understood the member, Sir. When Mr. Narayana Aiyar returns he will know not only bacteriology and bio-chemistry but also some mathematics; because, during his course of training there, he would have had to calculate the percentage of different substances in the soil

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[Mr. K. P. Nilakanta Pillai.]

analysed. The learned Doctor wants us to believe that when the gentleman returns, he would be well equipped in chemistry, physics, mathematics and all sciences. Sir, all these statements are absolutely meaningless. We are not at all convinced by the argument advanced by the learned Doctor. It is conceded by the member, Sir, that the Assistant who has now been appointed, whoever he may be, is not competent to hold that post. He is now working in that department because he has been put in there. It has been admitted by Dr. Kunjan Pillai that there is none in the department now to guide him in his work or to supervise his work. Apparently, he has, simply been asked to do whatever he likes there and to draw his pay. We are not satisfied, Sir, with the arguments advanced by the learned member; and we do not see any justification for such changes being made in the Budget, according to the whims and fancies of the head of the department without considering whether any benefit would thereby accrue to the people of the country. Such a state of affairs is really very miserable. This is not the first instance of the kind, nor is this the only department where we find it. In every department, in Travancore, there is such a thing as the Government providing appointments and making changes in the appointments to suit particular individuals. I therefore emphatically protest against the arrangement that has been made and I press my motion to a division.

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*): Sir, I have already stated all that I have to say. Yet, I find that there are some doubts still lurking in the mind of Mr. K. P. Nilakanta Pillai. His contention is that an officer who was called bacteriologist was sent over for further training and that when he comes back he is going to be converted into a chemist. I have explained that, even before the gentleman was sent up for training, he was doing not purely bacteriological work but bio-chemical work. At the time the appointment was first created, instead of being called bio-chemist he was designated as bacteriologist. Perhaps, it is there that the error lies. It did not strike the authorities at that time that it would be better to call him bio-chemist or by some other name, instead of bacteriologist. When we sent him for further training we had to appoint a substitute and we naturally selected the best man available considering the nature of the work in the department. During Mr. Narayana Aiyar's absence in America, the higher post of Agricultural Chemist fell vacant, and being the senior man in the department, who is qualified for the place, was promoted as Agricultural Chemist. Mr. Narayana Aiyar was already getting a pay of Rs. 150 and the Agricultural Chemist's post carries a scale of Rs. 150-200. The Government also thought that they could effect some saving by promoting Mr. Narayana Aiyar as Agricultural Chemist instead of recruiting a raw graduate to the place and paying him Rs. 150-200. These are days, Sir, when the question of retrenchment has also to be borne in mind. I may point out to the House that if Mr. Narayana Aiyar had not been promoted and if a raw graduate had

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been recruited for the post, the Government would have had to pay him Rs. 150, whereas, under the present arrangement, the new hand recruited in the consequential vacancy is given only Rs. 100.

MR. A. THANU PILLAI (*Trivandrum*): Is it the suggestion, Sir, that trained agricultural chemists will not be available for the post on Rs. 150-200?

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*): I do not think we can get trained men, unless we recruit a new graduate and get him trained at our expense.

MR. RAMA VARMA RAJA (*Edavagai*): മി: നാരായണയ്യരെ ടെയിൻ ചെയ്തിച്ചതുപോലെ വേറെ ഒരാളിനെ ടെയിൻ ചെയ്തിച്ചു വരുത്തരുത്തൊ?

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*): ഇപ്പോൾ ഞാൻ പറഞ്ഞ സംഗതി സ്വീകരിക്കുന്നതുകൊണ്ടു ഗവണ്മെൻറിനു ലാഭമുള്ളതിനും പുറമെ ജോലിക്കു വിഘ്നം വരാതെയുമിരിക്കും.

The point was that the Government could save money and at the same time work would not suffer. There is nothing else behind it.

MR. A. THANU PILLAI (*Trivandrum*): May I know why then the Government passed the first order that the filling up of the vacancy might wait till Mr. Narayana Aiyar's return?

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*): I am not aware of any such order.

As for the name of the post, if Government would agree, I have no objection to change it into bio-chemist.

MR. A. THANU PILLAI (*Trivandrum*): May I know whether there are two similar other posts in the department which can be combined?

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*): I have not thought about it.

MR. K. MADHAVAN PILLAI (*Trivandrum* cum *Neduvangad*): Is it not that, as a matter of departmental justice, when a post on a higher salary fell vacant, the best man in the department, the most deserving man, was promoted to the place and suitable subsequent arrangements, which would not endanger efficiency, were made as the Government thought fit?

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*): Exactly, I quite agree; that is the fact.

PRESIDENT: The issue in this motion has been clouded unnecessarily by reference to personal and communal matters. It is really very simple. I do not see any reason why, in future, Government should not call him Bio-Chemist and call the Bacteriological Assistant, Assistant to the Bio-Chemist. The intention of Government is apparently to appoint a very highly qualified man as Bio-Chemist, and, in

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[President.]

order that the work in the department may be carried on to the best advantage and that he may do justice to his work and engage himself, if necessary, in research work, give him an Assistant. Now, if this motion is pressed to a division and if it is passed, it would mean that this officer will be without an Assistant. It is for the House to consider whether it is in the interests of the department that this very important work should be entrusted only to one man.

Do you press your motion, Mr. Nilakanta Pillai?

MR. K. P. NILAKANTA PILLAI (*Chirayinkil*): Yes, Sir.

PRESIDENT: The motion is to reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,200 for Bacteriological Assistant.

The motion was put to the vote and lost.

MR. E. V. KRISHNA PILLAI (*Kottarakara* cum *Kunnattur*): I demand a poll, Sir.

A poll was taken and the House divided as follows:—

AYES—17.

1. Mr. A. S. Damodaran Asan.	10. Mr. M. P. Madhavan Pillai.
2. ,, K. Gopalakrishna Pillai.	11. ,, K. Narayanaperumal Nadar.
3. ,, Joseph Kunju.	12. ,, A. Narayana Pillai.
4. ,, K. Krishnan Nayar.	13. ,, K. P. Nilakanta Pillai.
5. ,, E. V. Krishna Pillai.	14. ,, Rama Varma Raja
6. ,, N. K. Krishna Pillai.	15. ,, R. S. Subrahmanya Pillai.
7. ,, Tariatu Kunjitomman.	16. ,, N. A. Sundaram Pillai.
8. ,, K. Kunjukrishna Pillai.	17. ,, A. Thanu Pillai.
9. ,, K. P. Madhavan Pillai.	

NOES—26.

1. Mrs. Anna Chandi.	15. Mr. E. G. McAlpine.
2. Mr. L. A. Bishop.	16. ,, R. Nilakanta Pillai.
3. ,, S. Chattanatha Karayalar.	17. ,, K. Padmanabha Panikkar.
4. ,, R. Dhanukoti Pillai.	18. ,, N. K. Padmanabha Pillai.
5. ,, K. George.	19. ,, G. Parameswaran Pillai.
6. ,, M. Govindan.	20. ,, Kayalam Parameswaran Pillai.
7. ,, N. John Joseph.	21. Dr. K. Raman Tampi.
8. ,, K. C. Karunakaran.	22. Mr. S. C. H. Robinson.
9. ,, K. I. Kocheeppan Mappillai.	23. ,, C. N. Tuppan Namputiripad.
10. ,, A. Kumara Pillai	24. Rao Bahadur A. Venkatarama Aiyar.
11. Rao Sahib Dr. N. Kunjan Pillai.	25. Mr. P. Visvanatha Aiyar.
12. Mr. L. A. Lampard.	26. ,, J. S. Westerdale.
13. ,, C. O. Madhavan.	
14. ,, K. Madhavan Pillai.	

NEUTRALS 5.

1. Mr. K. P. Abraham	4. Mr. M. Mahomed Mustapha
2. ,, K. C. Chandi.	5. ,, P. S. Mahomed.
3. ,, K. P. Kochukora Tarakan.	

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MR. A. S. DAMODARAN ASAN (*Mavelikara* cum *Kartikapalli*): Mr. Kunjitomman did not stand up at any time, Sir.

PRESIDENT: He voted *for* the motion.

MR. TARIATU KUNJITOMMAN (*Commerce and Industry, North*): ഞാൻ വോട്ടെടുപ്പു.

The motion was declared lost.

Motions Nos. 104 and 105.

The following motions were not made :—

MR. A. THANU PILLAI :

104. To omit the allotment of Rs. 1,200 for Bacteriological Assistant.

MR. TARIATU KUNJITOMMAN :

105. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 8,293 for establishment by Rs. 100.

Motion No. 106.

MR. K. NARAYANAPERUMAL NADAR (*Agastisvaram*): Sir, I beg to make the following motion :—

To omit the allotment of Rs. 500 for honorarium for the preparation of a Manual for the Department.

My object in making this specific motion is to elicit information from the Director as to whether any amount is required for this purpose. So far as I know, this wonderful Manual has not seen the light of day. My objections for giving this honorarium are very simple.

In the first place, copies of this Manual have not been supplied to the members of this Council.

MR. A. S. DAMODARAN ASAN (*Mavelikara* cum *Kartikapalli*): Is it not for the *preparation* of the Manual that provision is now sought to be made ?

MR. K. NARAYANAPERUMAL NADAR (*Agastisvaram*): I think this work can be done by the Assistant Director with his special staff. So far as I am able to see, this work does not require any special knowledge or training. I saw from the Finance Committee notes that the work consists in the mere collection and compilation of some G. O's, Even if there are 100 or 120 G. O's there would be only 4, 5 or at the most 10, final G. O.'s superseding all these other 100 or 120 G. O.'s. The collection or compilation of some G. O.'s is not a very difficult task, and no special skill or knowledge is needed for the work.

MR. E. V. KRISHNA PILLAI (*Kottarakara* cum *Kunnattur*): Is the member sure that the Manual would contain only these administrative G. O.'s and that there would be no scientific instruction on the practical working of the department ?

MR. K. NARAYANAPERUMAL NADAR (*Agastisvaram*): At the outset, I have stated that the object of this motion is to elicit information from the Director. I think the Assistant Director, with the help of his staff, can do this work. Sir, what is the work of the Assistant Director of Agriculture compared with the work of Land Revenue Commissioner or of the Chief Engineer?

MR. E. V. KRISHNA PILLAI (*Kottarakara* cum *Kunnattur*): May I know from the member the distinction between the work of the two officers and that of the Head of the Agricultural Department.

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MR. K. NARAYANAPERUMAL NADAR (*Agastisvaram*) : I do not understand the question as it has not been properly worded.

MR. E. V. KRISHNA PILLAI (*Kottarakara* cum *Kunnattur*) : I want to know the distinction between the work turned out by the Land Revenue Commissioner or by the Chief Engineer and the work turned out by the Head of the Agricultural Department.

MR. K. NARAYANAPERUMAL NADAR (*Agastisvaram*): That is a matter of opinion.

MR. E. V. KRISHNA PILLAI (*Kottarakara* cum *Kunnattur*) : May I know the distinction ?

PRESIDENT : No. Mr. Krishna Pillai.

MR. K. NARAYANAPERUMAL NADAR (*Agastisvaram*) : Comparatively, Sir, this Assistant to the Director of Agriculture has ample leisure. So, especially during these days of economic depression, it is not advisable to spend Rs. 500 for the preparation of this Manual.

The price of foodstuffs has gone down abnormally and the agriculturists find it very difficult to keep their body and soul together. At such a time it is not desirable to give Rs. 500 as honorarium for this purpose to the Director who had been able to do this work in the ordinary course of business. Moreover, the Assistant Director of Agriculture is not specially deputed for the purpose. There is no G. O. to that effect. For these reasons, I move this motion.

MR. TARIATU KUNJITOMMAN (*Commerce and Industry, North*): ഞാൻ ഈ ഉപക്ഷേപത്തെ ബലമായിപിൻതാങ്ങുന്നു.

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*) : Sir, I may tell my friend Mr. Nadar that the Manual will see the light of day very soon. It is in the Press and if Mr. Nadar will continue as a member of this House, he will certainly get a copy. It is not a compilation of G. O.'s as he said. It contains instructions to officers and to people who want to send diseased plants and soils for examination It is a sort of compendium both to the department and to the public. When it is printed it will contain about 400 pages of the size of the *Council Proceedings*. Mr. Nadar knows that even 600 G. O.'s will not contain so many pages. It was compiled by the Assistant Director with the help of a clerk and a typist. Probably Mr. Nadar thinks that the Assistant Director has no other work. I can convin e that it is otherwise.

MR. A. S. DAMODARAN ASAN (*Mavelikara* cum *Kartikapalli*) May I know whether the work has already been completed ?

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*) : Yes.

MR. A. S. DAMODARAN ASAN (*Mavelikara* cum *Kartikapalli*) : May I know whether any undertaking was given that the honorarium will be paid ?

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*) : No undertaking was given, but it is a work which the Assistant Director had to do out of office hours. He had practically to work at night in order to finish this work. For doing similar work in other departments honoraria have been given.

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MR. A. S. DAMODARAN ASAN (*Mavelikara* cum *Kartikapalli*): If an honorarium was found to be necessary, why was it not asked for last year, before the work was begun?

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*): Last year, I think an honorarium of Rs. 200 was asked for.

MR. K. NARAYANAPERUMAL NADAR (*Agastisvaram*): May I know how the department was able to function without a Manual for the past 25 years?

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*): The department has functioned well and will continue to function well even without a Manual.

MR. A. S. DAMODARAN ASAN (*Mavelikara* cum *Kartikapalli*)? May I know why the honararium of Rs. 200 was asked for last year.

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*); It was asked for to be paid to a clerk who, it was thought, could be entrusted with the work. But, later on, it was thought that, if the Manual was to be of real good to the officers and to the public, it would be better to entrust the compilation to the Assistant Director who was more competent to prepare a Manual of the kind. He has done the work under my direction.

MR. A. S. DAMODARAN ASAN (*Mavelikara* cum *Kartikapalli*): Was the honorarium sanctioned by this Council?

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*): Government sanctioned it.

MR. A. S. DAMODARAN ASAN (*Mavelikara* cum *Kartikapalli*): Did not the Council sanction that?

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*): It did not come up before the Council till now.

MR. K. NARAYANAPERUMAL NADAR (*Agastisvaram*): Does the member know that in the note to the Finance Committee it was stated that it was to be a collection of G. O.'s?

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*): I do not know that, Sir.

MR. K. NARAYANAPERUMAL NADAR (*Agastisvaram*): May I know whether that note is submitted on information supplied by the Agricultural Department?

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*): I do not know that.

MR. K. NARAYANAPERUMAL NADAR (*Agastisvaram*): May I know who submitted that note?

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*): Not I.

MR. K. NARAYANAPERUMAL NADAR (*Agastisvaram*): May I know whether the member gives the information as a member of this House or as the Director of Agriculture?

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RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*) : I refuse to answer that question, Sir, because there is no use in pursuing the point.

The original honorarium of Rs. 200 to be given to a clerk has been enhanced to Rs. 500 because of the large volume of work involved in its compilation. But the whole amount does not go to the Assistant Director. A portion of it goes to a clerk and another portion to a typist. Sir, for the preparation of a Survey Manual, Mr. Raghava Aiyangar, who was the Assistant Superintendent of Survey was given Rs. 1,000. When this Manual of Agriculture is published, you will find the difference between it and the Survey Manual. You will find that this deserves more than Rs. 1,000.

MR. A. S. DAMODARAN ASAN (*Mavelikara* cum *Kartikapalli*) : May I know whether sanction was given for payment before the book was prepared ?

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*) : Now, the book has been prepared and the recommendation has been made to the Government to pay an honorarium of Rs. 500. They have placed the allotment before the House. If the House does not sanction it the poor men will be given nothing for all the work they did. Let not Mr. Asan be under the impression that it has been paid. If the Assistant Director had been placed on special duty for one year by an order of Government, Mr. Nadar said it would have saved some money. Mr. Nadar is under a misapprehension; that will cost Government much more than the present sum.

MR. K. NARAYANAPERUMAL NADAR (*Agastisvram*) : May I know whether there was any imperative necessity for this Manual ?

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*) : Mr. Padmanabha Pillai, District Registrar, was on special duty for preparing a Registration Manual and Dr. Ravi Varma is also on special duty for preparing a Medical Manual. These must have cost much more than the amount proposed to be paid for the Agricultural Manual. This is a useful book and the Government have sanctioned Rs. 500 to be paid to the Assistant Director and his staff who prepared it.

MR. K. NARAYANAPERUMAL NADAR (*Agastisvaram*) : May I know on what authority the member is saying that the Manual was prepared out of office hours ?

RAO SAHIB DR. K. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*) : Sir, I have already sat down.

MR. E. V. KRISHNA PILLAI (*Kottarakara* cum *Kunnattur*) : I beg to support the motion for the deletion of Rs. 500 intended as an honorarium for the preparation of a Manual for the Agricultural Department. The House is not concerned with the merits or the demerits of the Manual that is proposed to be published; there is also no use in comparing this to the case of the Survey Superintendent who was

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paid an honorarium. What I want to point out in regard to this motion is that Government ought to have informed the House before the commencement of the preparation of a Manual of this kind that such a work was considered by them to be urgently necessary and the Government should have asked the sanction of the House for the preparation of the Manual and for the pa yment of the honorarium beforehand.

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*): May I inform the House that, on a former occasion, the late Mr. Hoogewerf, who was a member of this House, raised the very same question and the Government answered that a Manual would be prepared. What the Government did was to fulfil that undertaking.

MR. E. V. KRISHNA PILLAI (*Kottarakara* cum *Kunnattur*): That was not my point. My point is that this House was not informed about the lines on which this officer was going to prepare the Manual nor did we know anything about the amount that would be found necessary for meeting the expenses including the honorarium. No information at all was given to this House on this point. The amount now asked for is only after the book has been prepared and is about to see the light of day. We would therefore emphatically protest against the manner in which this was undertaken.

MR. A. S. DAMODARAN ASAN (*Mavelikara* cum *Kartikapalli*) : Sir, I also support the motion. At first I thought that I should not support this motion. I was naturally of the opinion that it was right for the department to have a Manual for the guidance of its officers and the public. But the Director says that it has already been prepared and that it is in the Press. Sir, this is not the first time that the head of a department comes and tells us that the work for a particular item has been finished and so the amount must be sanctioned by this Council. The Chief Engineer once before asked for money to be paid to a contractor for work on the Pallivasal-Neriamangalam road that has already been done, although it was understood that, before begining the work the matter must be placed before the Council and its sanction obtained.

MR. E. V. KRISHNA PILLAI (*Kottarakara* cum *Kunnattur*) : What about the reorganisation of the Secretariat?

MR. A. S. DAMODARAN ASAN (*Mavelikara* cum *Kartikapalli*): I objected to that also. But that was all that we could do at that stage. But Government sanctioned it. I would be the last person to deny remuneration for a work which has been actually done. But here work has been done without getting the necessary sanction. On that ground, I support the motion and I appeal to all the non-officials to support the motion.

MR. P. S. MAHOMED (*Nominated*): സർ, ഞാൻ ഈ ഉപക്ഷേപത്തെ എതിർക്കുന്നു. ഇവിടെ ഇതിനുമുമ്പു പ്രസംഗിച്ചവർ ആരും തന്നെ ഇതിന്റെ ആവശ്യമില്ലെന്നു പറഞ്ഞിട്ടില്ല എന്നു മാത്രമല്ല അണറേറിയമായി വച്ചിട്ടുള്ളതു കൂടിപ്പോയി എന്നും പറഞ്ഞിട്ടില്ല.

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MR. TARIATU KUNJITOMMAN (*Commerce and Industry, North*): ഇതാവശ്യമാണെന്നും തുക കുറഞ്ഞു പോയി എന്നും ആരെങ്കിലും പറഞ്ഞിട്ടുണ്ടോ?

MR. P. S. MAHOMED (*Nominated*) ഏതെങ്കിലും ഒരു സംഖ്യ ആവശ്യമില്ലെന്നു പറയുമ്പോൾ അതു കുറഞ്ഞുപോയി എന്നു പറയുന്നവരാരും കാണുകയില്ല.

കൃഷി ഡിപ്പാർട്ടുമെൻറു മാനുവൽ പ്രയോജനകരമായിട്ടുള്ളതാണെന്നും, അതിലേക്കു ചോദിച്ചിരിക്കുന്ന പ്രതിഫലം ഇതുവരെ കൊടുത്തിട്ടില്ലെന്നും പറയുന്ന സ്ഥിതിക്ക്, ഇതിനു മുമ്പു് ഈ കൌൺസിലിനോടു് ഇതിനെപ്പറ്റി ആലോചിച്ചില്ല എന്നുള്ള കാരണം കൊണ്ടു മാത്രം അതനുവദിച്ചു കൊടുക്കാതിരിക്കുന്നതു ഒട്ടും ശരിയല്ല. ഉപയോഗമുള്ള ഒരു സംഗതി ഒരാൾ എഴുതി ഉണ്ടാക്കി അതു പ്രയോഗത്തിൽ വരുത്തിയ ശേഷം അയാൾക്കു പ്രതിഫലം കൊടുക്കാതിരിക്കുന്നതു് ഒട്ടും ശരിയല്ല. ഒരു വലിയ സംഖ്യയായിരുന്നുവെങ്കിൽ മുമ്പിൽ കൂട്ടി കൌൺസിലിനോടു് ആലോചിക്കേണ്ടതായിരുന്നു എന്നു പറയാമായിരുന്നു.

MR. JOSEPH KUNJU (*Changanachery cum Peermade*): കൌൺസിലിനോടാലോചിച്ച ശേഷം ഈ ജോലി ചെയ്തിരുന്നാൽ വല്ല അബദ്ധവും വന്നു പോകുമായിരുന്നോ?

MR. P. S. MAHOMED (*Nominated*): ഇല്ല. എന്നാൽ ഒരു മാനുവൽ എഴുതി ഉണ്ടാക്കി അതുപയോഗപ്രദമാണെന്നു കാണിച്ചാൽ അതിലേക്കുള്ള പ്രതിഫലം നാം കൊടുക്കേണ്ടതല്ലേ?

MR. A. S. DAMODARAN ASAN (*Mavelikara cum Kartikapalli*): ആവശ്യമില്ലാത്തതാണെങ്കിലോ?

MR. P. S. MAHOMED (*Nominated*): ആവശ്യമില്ലാത്തതാണെങ്കിൽ കൊടുക്കേണ്ട.

എനിക്കുള്ള സമയം പരിമിതമാകയാൽ ചോദ്യങ്ങളെല്ലാം ഒടുവിൽ ചോദിച്ചുകൊള്ളുന്നു.

ഒരു പ്രയോജനമുള്ള സംഗതി, ഈ കൌൺസിലിൽ ആലോചിച്ചില്ല എന്നുള്ള കാരണം കൊണ്ടു മാത്രം അതു പ്രയോജനമില്ലെന്നു പറയുന്നതു ശരിയല്ല. എന്നു മാത്രമല്ല അതു പ്രയോജനമുള്ളതാണെന്നും അതു് എഴുതിയിരിക്കുന്ന രീതി ശരിയാണെന്നും ഉള്ള ബോധം ഡിപ്പാർട്ടുമെൻറു മേലധികാരികളിൽ വന്നശേഷമല്ലാതെ കൌൺസിലിൽ കൊണ്ടു

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വരുന്നതും ശരിയല്ല. ഇതെഴുന്നതിനു മുമ്പു് ഇവിടെ കൊണ്ടുവരികയും അതിലേക്കനുവാദം വേണമെന്നുചോദിക്കയും ചെയ്യുക എന്നുള്ളതു് ഈ സംഗതിക്കു തീരെ ആവശ്യമില്ലാത്തതാണു്. എന്നാൽ ഇതെഴുതിയിരിക്കുന്നതു തൃപ്തികരമായിരിക്കുന്നു എന്നു ബോദ്ധ്യം വന്നശേഷമാണു് അദ്ദേഹം ഇവിടെ കൊണ്ടു വന്നിട്ടുള്ളതു്.

MR. A. S. DAMODARAN ASAN (*Mavelikara cum Kartikapalli*): കൌൺസിലിന്റെ അനുവാദത്തിനു ഇതെഴുന്നതിനു മുമ്പു തന്നെ വന്നുവെങ്കിലും അതു തൃപ്തികരമായി എഴുതിയില്ലെങ്കിൽ പ്രതിഫലംകൊടുക്കണൊ?

MR. P. S. MAHOMED (*Nominated*): അനുവാദം കൊടുത്തു കഴിഞ്ഞാൽ തൃപ്തികരമായിട്ടെഴുതിയില്ലെങ്കിലും കൊടുക്കേണ്ടതായിട്ടു തന്നെ വരും.

MR. K. GOPALAKRISHNA PILLAI (*Parur*): അങ്ങനെ ചെയ്താൽ നമ്മുടെ പ്രതിഷേധം രേഖപ്പെടുത്തരുതൊ?

MR. P. S. MAHOMED (*Nominated*): വരുന്നതിനൊക്കെ പ്രതിഷേധം കാണിക്കാൻതുടങ്ങിയാൽ അതിനേനേരമുള്ളൂ. കൌൺസിലിൽ അനുവദിക്കുന്നതിനുമുമ്പുയാതൊന്നുംകൊണ്ടു ചിലവുചെയ്യരുതു് എന്നു നാം പറയുകയാണെങ്കിൽ ഗവണ്മെൻറിനു യാതൊന്നും ചെയ്യാൻ സാധിക്കാതെവരും.

MR. K. KRISHNAN NAYAR (*Pattanamtitta*). ഈ കൌൺസിലിനോടു ആലോചിക്കേണ്ട കാര്യങ്ങൾ ആലോചിക്കാതിരിക്കുന്നതു ശരിയാണൊ?

MR. P. S. MAHOMED (*Nominated*): ആലോചിക്കേണ്ട കാര്യങ്ങൾ വരുമ്പോൾ ആലോചിക്കണം.

MR. K. KRISHNAN NAYAR (*Pattanamtitta*): ഈ സംഗതി എപ്പോഴാണു് ആലോചിക്കേണ്ടതു്?

MR. P. S. MAHOMED (*Nominated*): ഈ സന്ദർഭത്തിലാണു് ആലോചിക്കേണ്ടതു്. ഇതു് എഴുതി പൂർത്തിയായിരിക്കുന്നു; ഡിപ്പാർട്ടുമെൻറു മേധാവി അതിൽ തൃപ്തിപ്പെട്ടിരിക്കുന്നു. അതിനാൽ ഇതിലേക്കു പണം കൊടുക്കണമെന്നുള്ള സംഗതി കൊണ്ടുവരേണ്ട അവസരം ഇതാണു്. ഈ അവസരത്തിൽ ഇതു് ആവശ്യമില്ലെന്നു പറയാതിരിക്കുന്നിടത്തോളം ആ തുക അനുവദിക്കുന്നതല്ല എന്നു പറയുന്നതു ശരിയല്ല.

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MR. K. KUNJUKRISHNA PILLAI (*Quilon*): Sir, I wish to add a few words. As has been said by the Director, the question of writing a Manual was raised by a non-official member of this House and it was in answer to his question that the Director said that a Manual would be prepared.

MR. A. S. DAMODARAN ASAN (*Mavelikara* cum *Kartikapalli*): When was it raised?

MR. K. KUNJUKRISHNA PILLAI (*Quilon*): Some years ago.

MR. A. S. DAMODARAN ASAN (*Mavelikara* cum *Kartikapalli*): And did not the Director have sufficient time to come to this House for a grant?

MR. K. KUNJUKRISHNA PILLAI (*Quilon*): Yes.

It was made clear that there was necessity for the Manual. There was absolutely no dissentient voice against it. The only point on which we were not consulted was about the details. A departmental head is a qualified man and may be relied upon to guide the preparation of such a Manual. If the money had been spent unreasonably we would be justified in showing our dissentient voice on a cut motion like this.

MR. A. S. DAMODARAN ASAN (*Mavelikara* cum *Kartikapalli*): Then there was no necessity to come to this House for a grant.

MR. K. KUNJUKRISHNA PILLAI (*Quilon*): You could have discussed the matter in a token motion. There was no necessity to make a specific cut.

MR. E. V. KRISHNA PILLAI (*Kottarakara* cum *Kunnattur*): Does the member feel that discussion of the lines on which the Manual is to be prepared would be absolutely useless?

MR. K. KUNJUKRISHNA PILLAI (*Quilon*): I do not say that I do not say that it would be completely useless. All I say is that the head of the department knows sufficiently well on what lines the Manua should be prepared. That is conceded. If the necessity for the Manual is also conceded, I do not see any reason why this grant should be objected to.

MR. A. S. DAMODARAN ASAN (*Mavelikara* cum *Kartikapalli*): Does the member know that in every case demand was made before the preparation of the book?

MR. K. KUNJUKRISHNA PILLAI (*Quilon*): I am not sure whether in *every* case a demand was made before its preparation. Can the member assure me whether it was so in *every* case?

MR. A. S. DAMODARAN ASAN (*Mavelikara* cum *Kartikapalli*): I can assure the member that in *most* of the cases it was so.

MR. K. KUNJUKRISHNA PILLAI (*Quilon*): My question is whether in *every* case a demand was made before the preparation of the book.

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In these circumstances, Sir, I do not think there was any real affront either conscious or unconscious. The only question is whether the work turned out by the Assistant Director can be rewarded thus or not. I think that, in view of the fact, that various other people have been rewarded for the work turned out by them, we should not deprive this gentleman alone of the reward which is his due. If I am convinced by other speakers that there has been really an affront, the slightest affront to the House, I would be the first person to record my protest and you, Sir, I am sure, will, as the custodian of the honours and prestige of this House, be glad to see that such a protest is recorded.

MR. K. NARAYANAPERUMAL NADAR (*Agastisvaram*): I have listened patiently to the speech of the Census Commissioner and have tried my utmost to be satisfied with the reply. When I moved the cut motion, I had a slight idea of withdrawing it; but now, even that has disappeared into thin air. The explanation given by the Census Commissioner is absolutely unsatisfactory. He is unable to give us a gist of the Manual. He is not able to say how many chapters there are in the Manual, and what subjects are dealt with there. His answer is unsatisfactory. It is impossible for me to withdraw the motion now. Though there is a likelihood of it being defeated when a vote is taken, I prefer an actual pressing of the motion to a cowardly withdrawal of it. I press the motion, Sir.

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*): The point raised by Mr. Asan has been answered by my friend Mr. Kunjukrishna Pillai. Mr. Asan was suggested that I should have brought this subject to the notice of the Council in the form of a resolution or otherwise.

MR. A. S. DAMODARAN ASAN (*Mavelikara* cum *Kartikapalli*): Provision could have been made in the Budget for 1107.

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*): The whole question was raised in this House as I said by Mr. Hoogewerf when he was a member. He asked an interpellation in the Council, in reply to which the Government said that they would ask the Director to prepare a Manual. In pursuance of that reply, the Manual has been prepared. The only question now is whether we could not have made a provision for the honorarium in the budget for 1107. In answer to that, Sir, I would say that it was not known what the amount would come to, what the Manual would be like, what honorarium should be paid to the staff who prepared it and whether it would be worth Rs. 500.

MR. A. THANU PILLAI (*Trivandrum*): Is it possible to anticipate whether the work could be finished in one year?

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*): The preparation of the Manual may take more than a year. The officer who is to be entrusted with the work connot do it during office hours. If a provision is made in the Budget for a particular year, it is probable that that amount may not be spent in that year itself.

MR. E. V. KRISHNA PILLAI (*Kottarakara* cum *Kunnattur*): Was any chance given to the non-official members to offer criticism in regard to the compilation of this Manual?

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RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*): I must say, "no." Except the interpellation asked by Mr. Hoogewerf and the answer given to him by the Government, nothing happened in the Council, in regard to the Manual and I must say that the members were not given an opportunity to offer their criticisms.

MR. K. NARAYANAPERUMAL NADAR (*Agastisvaram*): May I know whether an interpellation is the index of the popular demand?

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*): The only possibility is what we have now done. We thought it better to get the Manual prepared first and, if it is really worth anything, to make a provision in the Budget for the honorarium to be paid to the person who was entrusted with its preparation.

MR. A. S. DAMODARAN ASAN (*Mavelikara* cum *Kartikapalli*): But before asking him to prepare the Manual, provision could have been made in the Budget.

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*): It was not found practicable; it is not always possible to take the permission of the House in all items of expenditure. True, the Manual has been prepared, and the permission of the House has not been taken. The House might disagree on that ground. The Manual has been prepared and I say—and I am sure most of you will agree with me when you see it—that it is a useful book both to the department and to the public. A small honorarium of Rs. 500 is not too much, and I think this House should not disallow it on the ground that its permission has not been previously taken. Another gentleman has been given an honorarium of Rs. 1,000 for a similar Manual. Why not allow this Rs. 500 when I say that the book is really useful both to the public and to the department?

MR. K. P. ABRAHAM (*Muvattupuzha* cum *Todupuzha*): May I know whether the work has been finished?

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*): I think it is nearly ready.

PRESIDENT: I must confess that I feel I can see no reason why the House should refuse to grant this honorarium.

The motion before the House is to omit the allotment of Rs. 500 for honorarium for the preparation of a Manual for the department.

The motion was then put to vote and lost.

MR. K. NARAYANAPERUMAL NADAR (*Agastisvaram*): I demand a poll.

A poll was taken and the House divided as follows:—

AYES—11.

1	Mr. K. C. Chandi	7	Mr. Tariatu Kunjitomman
2	,, A. S. Damodaran Asan	8	,, M. Mahomed Mustapha
3	,, K. Gopalakrishna Pillai	9	,, K. Narayanaperumal Nadar
4	,, Joseph Kunju	10	,, N. A. Sundaram Pillai
5	,, K. Krishnan Nayar	11	,, K. P. Nilakanta Pillai
6	,, E. V. Krishna Pillai		

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NOES—34.

1	Mrs. Anna Chandi	19	Mr. M. P. Madhavan Pillai
2	Mr. L. A. Bishop	20	,, P. S. Mahomed
3	,, S. Chattanatha Karayalar	21	,, A. Narayana Pillai
4	,, R. Dhanukoti Pillai	22	,, R. Nilakanta Pillai
5	,, K. George	23	,, K. Padmanabha Panikkar
6	,, N. John Joseph	24	,, N. K. Padmanabha Pillai
7	,, K. C. Karunakaran	25	,, G. Paramesvaran Pillai
8	,, K. I. Kocheeppan Mappillai	26	,, Kayalam Paramesvaran Pillai
9	,, K. P. Kochukora Tarakan	27	Dr. K. Raman Tampi
10	,, N. K. Krishna Pillai	28	Mr. Rama Varma Raja
11	,, A. Kumara Pillai	29	,, S. C. H. Robinson
12	Rao Sahib Dr. N. Kunjan Pillai	30	,, R. S. Subrahmanya Pillai
13	Mr. K. Kunjukrishna Pillai	31	,, A. Thanu Pillai
14	,, L. A. Lampard	32	Rao Bahadur A. Venkatarama Aiyar
15	,, E. G. McAlpine	33	Mr. P. Visvanatha Aiyar
16	,, C. O. Madhavan	34	,, J. S. Westerdale
17	,, K. Madhavan Pillai		
18	,, K. P. Madhavan Pillai		

NEUTRALS—2.

1 Mr. K. P. Abraham	2 Mr. C. N. Tuppan Namputiripad

Motion No. 107.

The following motion was not moved:—

MR. TARIATU KUNJITOMMAN:

107. To omit the allotment of Rs. 24,715 for Direction.

Motion No. 108.

MR. K. P. NILAKANTA PILLAI (*Chirayinkil*): Sir, I beg to move that the allotment of Rs. 24,715 for Direction be reduced by Re. 1.

The table has turned upon me now, Sir, and therefore I must alter the object with which I first thought of moving this motion. I thought that because agricultural chemists are not available, there is no further use of maintaining these demonstration farms. It has now turned out that an Expert is coming to take charge of that post and much benefit is going to be showered upon the people of Travancore. Therefore, the object of the motion, as it stands at present, is that the benefits of the demonstration farms should be extended throughout Travancore and not their abolition. I do not for a moment dispute the fact that the demonstration farms, if worked properly, would be of much benefit to the people of the country, especially the agriculturists. But the question is whether they are conducted properly and whether the expected benefit is really derived from them. As is the case with many other minor departments, sufficient funds are not placed at the disposal of the departmental head for the working of these farms. The people are generally unable to get any benefit out of them. From Trivandrum, one has to go to Kottarakara to see another demonstration farm. The

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[K. P. Nilakanta Pillai.]

object of the department is to impart practical knowledge in agriculture to the agriculturists and to demonstrate to them by means of these demonstration farms how agriculture could be improved. I think it is therefore necessary to have one demonstration farm at least in some central place in every taluk.

MR. R. S. SUBRAHMANYA PILLAI (*Kalkulam* cum *Vilavankod*) : ഈരണ്ടി യമിലുണ്ടായിരുന്ന ഒരു കൃഷിഫാറം നിറുത്തൽചെയ്യാനായി ശുപാർശ ചെയ്തിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നറിയാമൊ?

MR. K. P. NILAKANTA PILLAI (*Chirayinkil*) : I know that the demonstration farm at Eraniel has been recommended to be abolished as a temporary measure.

MR. R. S. SUBRAHMANYA PILLAI (*Kalkulam* cum *Vilavancode*) : അതു ജനങ്ങൾക്കു വളരെ ഉപയോഗപ്രദമായ ഒന്നായിരുന്നു എന്നറിയാമൊ?

MR. K. P. NILAKANTA PILLAI (*Chirayinkil*) : The member himself may speak on all these points, the abolition of the demonstration farm at Eraniel and the attitude of the Director in recommending its abolition as a temporary measure.

My object, Sir, is that the man who comes from America with expert knowledge of bio-chemistry and who is going to take charge in the near future must be given opportunities to improve the present state of affairs and must not be allowed to idle away his time. I think he will find sufficient time to attend to both the bio-chemical side as well as the bacteriological side of the department. From what I understand he seems to be an intellectual giant. Just like the absence of food deteriorates a man, the absence of work might deteriorate even an intellectual giant. I am of opinion that, as far as possible, provision should be made in the Budget to maintain at least one demonstration farm in every taluk. With these objects, Sir, I move the motion.

MR. K. NARAYANAPERUMAL NADAR (*Agastisvaram*) : Does the member know that no demonstration farm is run on a commercial basis? Is it the opinion of the member that the demonstration farm should be run on a commercial basis?

MR. K. P. NILAKANTA PILLAI (*Chirayinkil*) : I am of opinion that they should not be run on a commercial basis. If demonstration farms have been started till now and are worked with that object in view, I think there is no justification for their maintenance hereafter. Running them on a commercial basis is absolutely unjustifiable.

MR. A. S. DAMODARAN ASAN (*Mavelikara* cum *Kartikapalli*) : What is it that has to be demonstrated at these farms? Is it to show that by scientific cultivation a profit could be obtained or is it to demonstrate that no improvements could be effected by using the methods adopted in these demonstration farms?

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MR. K. P. NILAKANTA PILLAI (*Chirayinkil*) : Sir, the very word 'demonstration' shows that these farms are intended to demonstrate the practical benefits coming out of the demonstrations conducted there. The farms may be conducted on a scientific basis; better manure may be applied; better methods of agriculture may be demonstrated; better yields may be obtained as a result of the cultivation, and better seeds may be introduced.

MR. A. S. DAMODARAN ASAN (*Mavelikara* cum *Kartikapalli*) : Is the member of the opinion that the demonstration farms now conducted really set an example to the people ?

MR. K. P. NILAKANTA PILLAI (*Chirayinkil*) : Individual members may have their own opinions on the subject. But, so far as I can understand from the *Administration Report* of the department for the year 1106, I think that as a result of the demonstrations conducted in various places, better yield, and, as a matter of fact, much benefit, has accrued to the people, especially to those in South Travancore who acted according to the advice given by the heads of the demonstration farms. People are slowly beginning to act according to the advice of the officers and are realising better profits.

MR. A. S. DAMODARAN ASAN (*Mavelikara* cum *Kartikapalli*) : Does the member know that the department is spending more than Rs 84,000 on these demonstration farms and agricultural depots when the return from them is only Rs. 16,000 ?

MR. K. P. NILAKANTA PILLAI (*Chirayinkil*) : A minute ago, I said that these institutions are not to be run on a commercial basis. They should not be run on a commercial basis for the department to derive a profit out of them. That I think is a well-conceived idea. The member is at liberty to give out his own opinion to the House.

MR. A. S. DAMODARAN ASAN (*Mavelikara* cum *Kartikapalli*) : I support the motion of Mr. Nilakanta Pillai, but on different grounds. A large number of demonstration farms are found in various parts of the State.

MR. K. NARAYANAPERUMAL NADAR (*Agastisvaram*) : May I take it that the member opposes the motion on the grounds developed by Mr. Nilakanta Pillai ?

MR. A. S. DAMODARAN ASAN (*Mavelikara* cum *Kartikapalli*): Mr Nilakanta Pillai's motion is to reduce the allotment of Rs. 24,715 for Direction by Re. 1. I support the motion on the ground that Re. 1 should be reduced from the allotment. I support the motion on the ground that the demonstration farms are not setting a proper example to the cultivators of the land. My opinion is that these demonstration farms show, to a great extent, that the sort of cultivation conducted by the Agricultural Department is not going to benefit the people. A

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[Mr. A S. Damodaran Asan.]

large amount of money is being spent for using scientific manure, and after spending such amounts what do we find? We find that the yield is only small.

MR. A. NARAYANA PILLAI (*Vaikam*): ശാസ്ത്രീയമായ വളം ഉപയോഗിച്ചാൽ ആദായം കിട്ടുകയില്ലെന്നാണൊ പറയുന്നത്?

MR. A. S. DAMODARAN ASAN (*Mavelikara* cum *Kartikapalli*): This is what I have seen from the demonstration farms. Twice a month I visit the demonstration farm near Chettikulangara where I find that they are spending a lot of money for manuring and all sorts of things but are getting only a small income.

MR. A. NARAYANA PILLAI (*Vaikam*): അതുപയോഗിക്കുന്നതിന്റെ ദുഷ്യംകൊണ്ടായിരിക്കുമൊ?

MR. A. S. DAMODARAN ASAN (*Mavelikara* cum *Kartikapalli*): I know nothing about that. All that I say is that these farms are not helping the agriculturists very much.

MR. RAMA VARMA RAJA (*Edavagai*): അതിനുകാരണം ബയൊ കെമിസ്റ്റ് ഇല്ലാതിരുന്നതുകൊണ്ടാണൊ?

MR. A. S. DAMODARAN ASAN (*Mavelikara* cum *Kartikapalli*): I do not know; that is why I requested the Director not to confound us by such words as bio-chemistry, entomology and other names, and to save us from discussing the subject in a technical manner.

MR. K. KRISHNAN NAYAR (*Pattanamtitta*): Is it the member's opinion that these farms should be abolished altogether?

MR. A. S. DAMODARAN ASAN (*Mavelikara* cum *Kartikapalli*): At any rate, I do not want them to be conducted in this way. If they are abolished, there will at least be some savings under this head.

MR. K. KRISHNAN NAYAR (*Pattanamtitta*): What is the opinion of the member in regard to the starting of one farm in each of the taluks?

MR. A. S. DAMODARAN ASAN (*Mavelikara* cum *Kartikapalli*): So much money of the tax-payer may be wasted.

MR. K. KUNJUKRISHNA PILLAI (*Quilon*): May I know whether the member has any suggestions to improve these farms?

MR. A. S. DAMODARAN ASAN (*Mavelikara* cum *Kartikapalli*): I know how this money could be better utilised; but I can't say how these farms could be improved.

MR. A. THANU PILLAI (*Trivandrum*): May I know whether, in the locality which the member referred to, the ryots are in the habit of buying manures sold by the department?

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MR. A. S. DAMODARAN ASAN (*Mavelikara* cum *Kartikapalli*): The one I referred to is a cocoanut farm. They tried the departmental manure for some time; but the result was what I have already stated. I do not think they now use the manures sold by the department.

Sir, the Department of Agriculture is spending more than Rs. 2 lakhs per annum. I think that to improve the agriculture in the country Government must adopt some other means. As suggested by me in the general discussion, if the Government have been spending all the money that they have now spent on the Agricultural Department on irrigation or other purpose, they would have really benefited the people. The department of Agriculture has, to a great extent, been neglected by the Government, due both to the fault of the Department and that of the Government. The department is not doing any good to the people and even if the department wants to do anything, probably Government are not helping the department. I suggested some years back that the Department of Agriculture must be enabled by sufficient funds to improve agriculture in the country. I said that an Irrigation Engineer may be appointed under the Director of Agriculture and sufficient funds may be allotted for irrigation. Government should at least have adopted the recommendation of the Irrigation Committee and appointed an engineer for that purpose. Even in regard to the grant of agricultural loans, the Director of Agriculture may be consulted. He is directly responsible to the Government and the country for the development of agriculture. He is given a Mycologist, an Entymologist an Archaeologist and some other officers who do not after all make much impression on the people of the country. What I suggest is that Government should adopt some new method of improving agriculture of the land by diverting the development of the Department of Agriculture into other lines also.

MR. K. P. ABRAHAM (*Muvattupuzha* cum *Todupuzha*): Sir, I also rise to support the motion. There is a general complaint that this Department of Agriculture is not of sufficient use to the agricultural population of the State. It remains a spending department. In the *Administration Report* for the year 1106 we find that the total expenditure is Rs. 2,25,361 against a receipt of only Rs. 38,076. Anyhow, this department has been in existence and functioning in spite of the protests raised against it for a number of years past and we regard it as a piece of luxury. Now, what I want to say is that, remaining as it does, a matter of luxury, we people in the northern parts of the State also require a share of the luxury to be extended to us also. In our parts, there is no cattle farm, no sufficient number of seed bulls supplied, no demonstration farms nor any of the several aspects of the department which it pretends to throw out. In the north, there was one Agricultural School at Alwaye. Even that is abolished from this year although only as a temporary measure. The northern taluks, I need not say, are mostly agricultural taluks and it is the ryots in these parts that require great assistance in agriculture, if that will be

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[Mr. K. P. Abraham.]

given by the department. So, for drawing the attention of the Government and the department to the inadequate help given to the taluks in the north, I support the motion.

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*) : Sir, some of the members spoke in support of the department and some others against it.

PRESIDENT : There are only two minutes for you to speak.

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*) : Mr. Abraham began by saying that the Department is doing no good and that it may be abolished. In the next breath he said that the benefit of the department enjoyed by the people in the south should be extended to the northern taluks also. We are giving some benefit to agriculturists and hope to give more as funds become available. Mr: R. S. Subrahmanya Pillai, in the course of the discussion, put questions to Mr. K. P. Nilakanta Pillai about the Eraniel Demonstration Farm. I may say that the Retrenchment Committee suggested and the Government sanctioned the abolition of this farm.

MR. R. S. SUBRAHMANYA PILLAI (*Klkulam* cum *Vilavankod*) : ഇരണിയൽഫാറം ഇടങ്ങിയിട്ട് എത്രകൊല്ലമായി?

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*) : ഏഴെട്ട് കൊല്ലമായി.

MR. R. S. SUBRAHMANYA PILLAI (*Kalkulam* cum *Vilavankod*): അതു നിറുത്താൻ വല്ലപ്രത്യേക കാരണവുമുണ്ടോ?

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissiener*) : എനിക്കറിഞ്ഞുകൂടാ. The Government have issued orders for its abolition temporarily or permanently. The other day I read in some newspapers that a local meeting of the citizens resolved to send a deputation to the Dewan to portest against the abolition of the farm. So, the people of the locality want the farm to continue though some of the members of the Council would like to see all farms abolished. At the start they may not like the farms but in the end they will really find them useful.

MR. A. S. DAMODARAN ASAN (*Mavelikara* cum *Kartikapalli*) : I did not say that we do not want farms.

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*) : The so-called demonstration farms are not run on commercial lines. They are really experimental farms. They are, so to say, field laboratories. We are conducting experiments and the results of the experiments are demonstrated on the ryots' lands.

MR. A. S. DAMODARAN ASAN (*Mavelikara* cum *Kartikapalli*) : Are experimental farms demonstration farms?

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*) : There are both experimental and demonstration farms.

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MR. A. S. DAMODARAN ASAN (*Mavelikara* cum *Kartikapalli*): Should not demonstration be conducted only after the expertments are successful?

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*): Yes, we try a particular method in a particular place and if we find it suitable and profitable it will be demonstrated to the people of that locality and they adopt it and make profit out of it. But a method found suitable in one place may not suit another locality. It may be a failure there we have to adopt some other seed there. We are only carrying on experiments.

MR. TARIATU KUNJITOMMAN (*Commence and Industry, North*): ഡെമാൺസ്ട്രേഷൻഫാംങ്ങൾ വല്ലതും എക്സ്പെരിമെൻറൽ ഫാമായിട്ടു വച്ചിട്ടുണ്ടോ?

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*): In the next cultivation season I would invite Mr. Asan to go to Nagercoil and see the results of the experiments conducted there. If he sees, he will be convinced of their value. Many people are anxious to get one variety of seed found successful there and we want to extend it to other places also. This is an experimental farm. Other farms may not be so good so you cannot call. —

MR. TARIATU KUNJITOMMAN (*Commerce and Industry North*): ഒരു ചോദ്യം.

RAO SAHIB DR. N. KUNJAN PILLAI (*Census Commissioner*): എനിക്കു രണ്ടു മിനിട്ടെയുള്ളൂ. അതുകൊണ്ടു ചോദ്യങ്ങളൊന്നും ചോദിക്കരുത്.

I do not say that all these farms are profitable. We are only conducting experiments and successful experiments are being demonstrated to the ryots.

MR. K. GOPALAKRISHNA PILLAI (*Parur*): Sir, I also wish to speak a few words before the motion is put. The next motion stands in my name. I sent this motion with a view to discuss the abolition of the Agricultural School at Alwaye. This is a time when people are finding fault with literary education. Literary education is insufficient for enabling a man to earn his bread and people are clamouring for technical education and professional education or education in practical sciences. This was one of the attempts made by the Government to supply a long-felt want and the school was started and it has got a very fine account to give.

> "This is the first school opened by Government for imparting instruction in scientific agriculture. The institution is only temporary. Nearly eighty boys have undergone training in this institution so far. A fresh batch of 17 students are now under training in the school".

It was then that this school was abandoned. Government which could provide Rs. 20,000 for educating a few students at Benares could not set apart at least Rs. 5,000 for an agricultural school at Alwaye. The Retrenchment Committee was good enough to apply the axe

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[Mr. K. Gopalakrishna Pillai.]

mercilessly at Alwaye. It was an axe aimed at the throat of the poor agricultural population or those students who are in need of agricultural education and who wanted to cultivate their land afterwards.

MR. A. NARAYANA PILLAI (*Vaikam*): ഈ സ്കൂൾ കൊണ്ടു വളരെ ഉപകാരം ഉണ്ടായിട്ടില്ലെ?

MR. K. GOPALAKRISHNA PILLAI (*Parur*): Yes, it was a very useful one. That is the reason why it was abolished.

MR. K. P. KOCHUKORA TARAKAN (*Kunnatnad*): സ്കൂൾകെട്ടിടങ്ങൾ അധികവും ഗവണ്മെൻറു പണിയിച്ചതാണൊ അതല്ല ജനങ്ങൾ പണിയിച്ചു ഗവണ്മെൻറിനു വിട്ടുകൊടുത്തതാണൊ ?

MR. K. GOPALAKRISHNA PILLAI (*Parur*): I think it was Government. I am subject to correction. The member says that it was built by the people and given to the Government. So, it is such an institution that is abolished. It is this very deplorable affair that I have to bring to the notice of this House and the Government and I hope, as a result of the discussion here, early steps will be taken to begin it again.

A word about my constituency also. With regard to the Agricultural Department, when I was a small boy, I have seen the Director of Agriculture, the present Census Commissioner, coming to us and giving us very fine lectures on agriculture. There was also an Agricultural Inspector to educate the public on scientific lines of agriculture and somehow or other the Inspector's post was abolished. Then a manure depot was substituted and in course of time that also disappeared and I do not know how or why. There was no Retrenchment Committee then. Why it was abolished we are at a loss to know. I wish to know whether it was because we had advanced as far as the Director wanted to make us advance or is it because there was no response from the people. I am at a loss to know which. If there was no response, it was the duty of the department to create interest in scientific agriculture but instead of that they took away the Inspector from my constituency. I must say that it was improper and unjust. In the place of this institution there is an Inspector of Fisheries in my constituency. I think his only duty is to go and trouble the poor fisher-folk and get as much money for the Government and for himself as he is in need of. A useful institution was there; it was abolished and a troublesome one was put in its place. This is what the department has done for us. I wish to bring this to the notice of the Director and this Council.

MR. TARIATU KUNJITOMMAN (*Commerce and Industry, North*): ഞാൻ ഈ ഉപക്ഷേപത്തെ ബലമായി പിൻതാങ്ങുന്നു. കൃഷിഡിപ്പാർട്ടുമെൻറിൽനിന്നു നടത്തുന്ന പരീക്ഷണസ്ഥാപനമായാലും മാതൃകാസ്ഥാപനമായാലും എല്ലാം നഷ്ടത്തിൽ കലാശിക്കുന്നതല്ലാതെ ആദായത്തിൽ വരുന്ന ഒരു സ്ഥാപനവുമില്ലെന്നുള്ള സംഗതി ചെണ്ടിച്ചുപറ

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യുവാൻ കഴിയും. കൃഷിവിഷയമായി നാം അനവധി പണം ചിലവു ചെയ്യുന്നുണ്ടല്ലൊ. ഈ ഡിപ്പാർട്ടുമെൻറു സ്ഥാപിച്ചിട്ടു് ഇപ്പോൾ കാൽശതാബ്ദത്തിലധികമായി. ഇതുവരെ ഏതെങ്കിലും ആദായകരമായതൊ കൃഷിയൊ അല്ലെങ്കിൽ കൃഷിയുടെ ഇപ്പൊഴത്തെ ചിലവു കുറച്ചു് ആദായംവർദ്ധിപ്പിക്കത്തക്കവണ്ണമുള്ള കൃഷിസമ്പ്രദായങ്ങൾഒന്നും തന്നെ നടപ്പാക്കാൻ ഈ ഡിപ്പാർട്ടുമെൻറിനു സാധിക്കുന്നില്ല ഈ ഡിപ്പാർട്ടുമെൻറിലെ ഉദ്യോഗസ്ഥന്മാരുടെ ശമ്പളം വർദ്ധിപ്പിക്കയും ഒട്ടുവളരെ വിദഗ്ധന്മാരെ ആക്കി അവക്കു വമ്പിച്ച ശമ്പളം പ്രതിവത്സരം കൊടുത്തു കൊണ്ടിരിക്കയും മാത്രമെചെയ്യുന്നുള്ളു. മാതൃകാപരീക്ഷണത്തോട്ടങ്ങളുടെ കണക്കു നോക്കിയാൽ ഞാൻ മുമ്പു പറഞ്ഞതു പോലെ നഷ്ടത്തിലാണു് കലാശിക്കുന്നതു്. പരീക്ഷണഘട്ടം കഴിഞ്ഞു് ആദായകരമായ ഒരു ഘട്ടത്തിലേക്കു് ഒന്നും തന്നെ വന്നിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നു് എനിക്കു തോന്നുന്നില്ല. പരീക്ഷണം കഴിഞ്ഞു കൃഷിസമ്പ്രദായം ആദായകരമായി കാണിച്ചു കൊടുക്കുന്ന മാതൃകാസ്ഥാപനങ്ങളുണ്ടൊ? ഒന്നുമില്ല. ഇന്നയിന്ന കൃഷി ചെയ്താൽ ഇത്രമാത്രം നഷ്ടപ്പെടാം അല്ലെങ്കിൽ ഇന്നയിന്ന വളം ചേർത്താൽ ഇത്രമാത്രം നഷ്ടപ്പെടാമെന്നു കാണിക്കുന്ന മാതൃകയല്ലാതെ ആദായത്തിൻെറ മാതൃകകാണിക്കുന്ന സ്ഥാപനങ്ങളൊന്നുമില്ല.

ഇവിടെ രണ്ടു മൂന്നു തരത്തിൽ കൃഷിഅഭിവൃദ്ധിപ്പെടുത്താൻ സാധിക്കും. ഒന്നാമതു് അന്യദേശങ്ങളിലുള്ള ആദായകരമായ നൂതനകൃഷികളും ഇവിടെ ഏർപ്പെടുത്തുക. മരച്ചീനി, ലമൻഗ്രാസ്, തേയില, റബ്ബർ ഇതൊക്കെ മുമ്പിവിടെ ഉണ്ടായിരുന്ന കൃഷികളല്ലല്ലൊ. എല്ലാം വിദേശങ്ങളിൽ നിന്നു കൊണ്ടുവന്നു് ഇവിടെ നടപ്പാക്കിയതാണു്. ഇങ്ങനെ പുതുതായി വല്ല കൃഷികളും കൃഷിഡിപ്പാർട്ടുമെൻറു നടപ്പാക്കുന്നുണ്ടൊ? ഇല്ല. എന്നാൽ ചില കൃഷികളെല്ലാം പുതുതായി ഇവിടെ നടപ്പാക്കിയിട്ടുണ്ടു എന്നും കൃഷിഡിപ്പാർട്ടുമെൻറു പറയുമായിരിക്കും. എന്നാൽ അതൊന്നും ആദായകരമായി വന്നിട്ടില്ല. പിന്നീടു നൂതന കൃഷിസമ്പ്രദായങ്ങളുണ്ടൊ? അതുമില്ല. ഇരുമ്പുകലപ്പയും മറ്റുമുണ്ടെങ്കിലും അതൊന്നും ജനങ്ങളുടെയിടയിൽ പരക്കെഉപയോഗയോഗ്യമായി തീർന്നിട്ടില്ല. ഇനിപുണ്ടെ തന്നെ കൃഷിക്കു ദോഷം ചെയ്യുകൊണ്ടിരിക്കുന്ന ചാഴി, പുഴുമുതലായവയുടെ ഉപദ്രവംപോലും പരിഹരിക്കുന്നതിനു ഡിപ്പാർട്ടുമെൻറിനു കഴിഞ്ഞിട്ടുണ്ടൊ? അതുമില്ല. ഇത്തരത്തിലുള്ള കൃഷിവകുപ്പിനായി ഇവിടത്തെ ഗവണ്മെൻറു പണം ദുർവ്യയം ചെയ്തുകൊണ്ടിരിക്കയാണു്. ജനങ്ങൾക്കത്യാവശ്യമുള്ള വ്യയങ്ങളാണു് ഇവിടെ ചെയ്യേണ്ടതു്. സാമ്പ

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[Mr. Tariatu Kunjitomman.]

ത്തികവിഷമം പരക്കെ ബാധിച്ചു കൊണ്ടിരിക്കുന്ന ഈ സമയത്തു ജനങ്ങളിൽനിന്നുനികുതിവാങ്ങി നിഷ്പ്രയോജനമായ വിധത്തിൽ ഉപയോഗപ്പെടുത്തുന്നുവെങ്കിൽ ഇതിൽ പരം കഷ്ടമായ ഒരവസ്ഥയുണ്ടോ, എന്തെങ്കിലും വിജയപ്രദമായ കൃഷികർമം ചെയ്തു ജനങ്ങളെ കാണിച്ചു കൊടുക്കയാണെങ്കിൽ ഈ വകുപ്പിലെ ഉദ്യോഗസ്ഥന്മാക്കു ശമ്പളംകൊടുക്കുന്നതു കൊണ്ടുതരക്കേടില്ലായിരുന്നു. സ്ഥിരവും ആക്ടിംഗും ഡയറക്ടന്മാർ വലിയ ശമ്പളത്തിൽ ഇപ്പോഴും സ്ഥിതിചെയ്യുന്നുണ്ട്. വല്ല പ്രയോജനവുമുണ്ടോ, ഇതുപോലെ തന്നെവദ്ദ്യന്മാരുടെ കാര്യവും കൃഷിഡിപ്പാർട്ടുമെൻറു നടത്തുന്ന മാതൃകയെല്ലാം നഷ്ടമായതു കൊണ്ട് അവരുടെ പ്രസംഗം കേൾക്കാനൊ അല്ലെങ്കിൽ അവർ പ്രചരിപ്പിക്കുന്ന ലഘുലേഖകൾ വായിക്കാനൊ കൃഷിക്കാരാരും പോകുന്നില്ല. എവിടെയെങ്കിലും ഒരിൻസ്പെക്ടർ പ്രസംഗിക്കുന്നു എന്നു കേട്ടാൽ സമീപത്തുള്ളവർക്രൂടി കേൾക്കാൻ പോകയില്ല. ഇത്തരത്തിലാണ് ഡിപ്പാർട്ടുമെൻറിന്റെ ഭരണം. അതുകൊണ്ടാണ് ഡിപ്രെഷൻഎൻകപയറി കമ്മിറ്റിയിൽ ഭിന്നറിപ്പോർട്ടു എഴുതി ഈ ഡിപ്പാർട്ടുമെൻറു നിറുത്തിക്കളയണമെന്നു ഞാൻ ആവശ്യപ്പെട്ടതു്. അത്യാവശ്യമായ കാര്യങ്ങൾക്കാണ് പണം ചിലവുചെയ്യേണ്ടതു്. ഇപ്പോൾ സ്ഥാപിച്ചിട്ടുള്ള ഹെൽത്തു ഡിപ്പാർട്ടുമെൻറു പോലെ ഒരു ആറുകൊല്ലം കഴിഞ്ഞു ഗുണമുണ്ടാകുന്ന കാര്യങ്ങൾക്കുപണം ചിലവാക്കാൻ നമ്മുടെ സാമ്പത്തികനില അനുവദിക്കുന്നുണ്ടോ? ഇതു് ഒരു കർഷകരാജ്യമാകുന്നു. ഇവിടത്തെ കൃഷിക്കത്യാവശ്യമായ ഇറിഗേഷൻ വേലകൾ, തോടുകൾ, റോഡുകൾ, പാലങ്ങൾ ഇതൊക്കെ ഈ ഹെൽത്ത് ഡിപ്പാർട്ടുമെൻറിനായി ചിലവുചെയ്യുന്ന പണം കൊണ്ടു ചെയ്യാമായിരുന്നു. ഗവണ്മെൻറ് അതൊന്നും ചെയ്തിട്ടില്ല. ഇതെല്ലാം പ്രസ്താവിച്ചു കൊണ്ടു ഞാൻ ഈ ഉപക്ഷേപത്തെ അനുകൂലിച്ചുകൊള്ളുന്നു.

PRESIDENT: I think the time for discussing this Demand is over and therefore this and all the other motions lapse,

The Director of Agriculture has moved for a grant of Rs. 1,51,667 under Demand II—Agriculture and Fisheries, and I take it that the Demand is passed.

The motion was carried and the grant was made.

The following motions were not moved on account of lapse of time:—

MR. K. GOPALAKRISHNA PILLAI:

109. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 24,715 for Direction by Re. 1.

MR. K. GOPALAKRISHNA PILLAI:

110. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 24,715 for Direction by Re. 1.

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MR. A. S. DAMODARAN ASAN:
111. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 24,715 for Direction by Re. 1.

MR. JOSEPH KUNJU:
112. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 24,715 for Direction by Re. 1.

MR. K. P. KOCHUKORA TARAKAN.
113. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 24,715 for Direction by Re. 1.

MR. A. THANU PILLAI:
114. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 24,715 for Direction by Re. 1.

MR. K. P. ABRAHAM:
115. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 24,715 for Direction by Rs. 5.

MR. N. JOHN JOSEPH:
116. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 24,715 for Direction by Rs. 5.

MR. A. THANU PILLAI:
117. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 24,715 for Direction by Rs. 5.

MR. TARIATU KUNJITOMMAN:
118. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,800 for Temporary Agricultural Inspactors by Rs. 5.

MR. A. S. DAMODARAN ASAN:
119. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 16,050 for establishment by Rs. 4,095.

MR. TARIATU KUNJITOMMAN;
120. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 16,050 for establishment by Re. 1.

MR. TARIATU KUNJITOMMAN;
121. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 3,000 for travelling allowance by Rs. 10.

MR. TARIATU KUNJITOMMAN:
122. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 12,000 for maintenance of livestock by Rs. 2,000.

MR. K. C. CHANDI:
123. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 60,450 for Experimental Farms and Manure Depots by Re. 1.

MR. S. CHATTANATHA KARAYALAR:
124. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 60,450 for Experimental Farms and Manure Depots by Rs. 5.

MR. TARIATU KUNJITOMMAN:
125. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,208 for establishment by Rs. 5.

MR. K. C. CHANDI:
126. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 6,968 for Agricultural Schools by Re. 1.

MR. N. JOHN JOSEPH:
127. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 6,968 for Agricultural Schools by Rs. 2.

MR. TARIATU KUNJITOMMAN:
128. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,079 for Apiculture by Re. 1.

MR. P. S. MAHOMED:
129. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,079 for Apiculture by Rs. 5.

MR. TARIATU KUNJITOMMAN:
130. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 8,495 for establishment by Re. 1.

MR. K. KRISHNAN NAYAR:
131. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 23,810 for Veterinary Hospitals and Dispensaries by Rs. 5.

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MR. K. P. MADHAVAN PILLAI:
132. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 24,578 for Veterinary Charges by Re. 1.

MR. K. NARAYANAPERUMAL NADAR:
133. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 17,366 for contingencies by Rs. 100.

MR. JOSEPH KUNJU:
134. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 33,877 for Fisheries by Re. 1.

MR. TARIATU KUNJITOMMAN:
135. To omit the total allotment of Rs. 1,51,667 under Demand II.

MR. K. NARAYANAPERUMAL NADAR:
136. To reduce the total allotment of Rs. 1,51,667 under DemandIII by Re. 1.

MR. M. P. MADHAVAN PILLAI:
137. To reduce the total allotment of Rs. 1,51,667 under Demand II by Re. 1.

MR. K. I. KOCHEEPPAN MAPPILLAI:
138. To reduce the total allotment of Rs. 1,51,667 under Demand II by Re. 1.

MR. S. KRISHNA PILLAI:
139. To redcue the total allotment of Rs. 1,51,667 under Demand II by Re. 1.

MR. S. KRISHNA PILLAI:
140. To reduce the total allotment of Rs. 1,51,667 under Demand II by Re 1.

MR. K. C. CHANDI:
141. To reduce the total allotment of Rs. 1,51.667 under Demand II by Re. 1.

MR. E. V. KRISHNA PILLAI:
142. To reduce the total allotment of Rs. 1,51,667 under Demand II by Rs. 10.

MR. P. S. MAHOMED:
143. To reduce the total allotment of Rs. 1,51,667 under Demand II by Rs. 10.

MR. K. NARAYANAPERUMAL NADAR:
144. To reduce the total allotment of Rs. 1,51,667 under Demand II by Rs. 100.

The Council rose for lunch at 2-30 P. M. and reassembled at 3 P. M.

Demand III——Industries.

MR. N. K. PADMANABHA PILLAI (*Director of Industries*): Sir, I rise to move for a grant not exceeding Rs. 1,18,052, under Demand III—Industries.

Motion No. 145.

MR. JOSEPH KUNJU (*Changanachery* cum *Peermade*): എസ്റ്റാബ്ലിഷ്മെൻറ വകയ്ക്കായി നീക്കിവച്ചിട്ടുള്ള ഫ,വ്വ ഫ രൂപായിൽനിന്ന് ഒരുരൂപ കുറയ്ക്കണമെന്നുള്ള ഉപക്ഷേപത്തെ ഞാൻ അവതരിപ്പിച്ചു കൊള്ളുന്നു.

സർ, കൃഷിഡിപ്പാർട്ടുമെൻറിലെ വിദഗ്ദന്മാരെപ്പറ്റി നാം ഇവിടെകേട്ടുകഴിഞ്ഞു. എന്നാൽ അതുപോലെയുള്ള വിദഗ്ദന്മാർതന്നെ വേറെചേരോടുകൂടി ഈ ഡിപ്പാർട്ടുമെൻറിൽ സ്ഥിതിചെയ്യുന്നുണ്ട്. അവരെക്കൊണ്ടു രാജ്യഭണ്ഡാഗാരത്തെ ശോഷിപ്പിക്കുന്നതിനല്ലാതെ ഈ രാജ്യത്തിനൊ രാജ്യവാസികൾക്കൊ യാതൊരു പ്രയോജനവും ഉണ്ടാകു

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